



**HELLENIC REPUBLIC
MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS
DIRECTORATE-GENERAL FOR DEVELOPMENT
AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE**

**ANNUAL REPORT
ON GREEK BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL
OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT COOPERATION
AND ASSISTANCE**

YEAR 2025



**Akadimias Street
GR-106 71, Athens**

September 2026

**The Annual Report on Greek Bilateral and Multilateral
Official Development Cooperation and Assistance
for the year 2025 was prepared by
Z3 Directorate for Development Cooperation Policy**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF CONTENTS	2
1. INTERNATIONAL FLOWS OF OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE .	4
(a) General Data	4
(b) Performance of Bilateral Aid Donors.....	5
2. OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE OF GREECE.....	6
(a) Greek Bilateral Official Development Assistance.....	6
(b) Greek Multilateral Official Development Assistance.....	6
3. ACTIONS AND WORK FOR DEVELOPMENT AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE.....	6
A. Four-Year National Programme for International Development Cooperation .	6
B. Humanitarian Action.....	7
C. Contributions to International Organisations, Programmes and Services	7
D. Development Cooperation Actions	10
Fetal Medicine and Prenatal Screening Programme in cooperation with the “Fetal Medicine Foundation” of London	10
E. Representation and Policies	12
European Union.....	12
1. Councils of Ministers for Development Cooperation and Meetings of Directors-General for Development Cooperation	12
2. European Councils and other High-Level Meetings of the European Union	12
3. Working Parties of the Council of the European Union and Committees responsible for the allocation of funds	13
4. The EU “Global Gateway” Strategy	17
5. Reconstruction of Ukraine.....	19
United Nations	19
1. High-Level Meetings	19
2. UN bodies, the UN Second Committee (Economic and Financial Committee) and other Committees.....	19
Development Assistance Committee of the Organisation for Economic Co- operation and Development (OECD)	20
1. High-Level Meetings	20
2. Meetings of the OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC).....	20

South East Europe (SEE) 2030 Strategy	22
F. Bilateral Meetings and Visits	22
G. Other Actions.....	25
H. Establishment of the Hellenic Aid Agency.....	26
ANNEX.....	27

1. INTERNATIONAL FLOWS OF OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE¹

(a) General Data

According to provisional data for **2025**, published on 9 April 2026 (and expected to be finalised by the end of 2026), the 34 members and associates² of the OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC) provided Official Development Assistance (ODA) amounting to **USD 174.3 billion**, a decrease of 23.1% (in real terms) compared with 2024. This amount corresponds to **0.26%** (down from 0.34% in 2024) of their combined Gross National Income (GNI), a percentage far below the 0.70% target set by the United Nations. This is the **largest annual decrease ever recorded**, returning aid to the levels that prevailed before the adoption of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

The decrease was widespread but also heavily concentrated. While 26 of the 34 members reduced their ODA, the five largest donors (France, Germany, Japan, the United Kingdom and the United States) accounted for 95.7% of the total decrease. In particular, **the United States is responsible for 75.1% of the total decrease**, with its ODA falling by 56.9% — the largest decrease by any donor in history. Significant decreases were also recorded by Germany (-17.4%), France (-10.9%), the United Kingdom (-10.8%) and Japan (-5.6%). This is the first year in which all five of these donors simultaneously reduced their ODA. The magnitude of the reduction by the United States resulted in Germany becoming, for the first time, the largest ODA donor worldwide.

Bilateral ODA amounted in **2025** to **USD 126.4 billion**, a **decrease of 26.4%** (in real terms), mainly due to the fall in grants (-29.1%) and government loans (-10.3%). Significant decreases were also recorded in humanitarian assistance (-35.8%, corresponding to USD 15.5 billion), as well as in in-donor refugee costs (-22.1%, corresponding to USD 23.0 billion).

Multilateral ODA amounted in **2025** to **USD 47.9 billion**, a **decrease of 12.7%** (in real terms). Multilateral ODA is now declining for the second consecutive year, having fallen by 21.3% since 2023. The reductions were concentrated in core contributions to the United Nations system (-27.0%), the largest annual decrease ever recorded. Cuts by the United States (-87.2%) were the main driver of the decline. By contrast, core contributions to the World Bank and to the regional development banks increased by 6.4% and 11.9% respectively.

Bilateral ODA from DAC countries to **Ukraine** fell by 38.2% in 2025, reaching USD 10.3 billion. The 91.1% decrease (USD 8.7 billion in real terms) by the United States was the principal factor behind this overall fall, even though 23 DAC countries increased their bilateral assistance to Ukraine. The EU institutions

¹ <https://www.oecd.org/en/topics/sub-issues/oda-trends-and-statistics.html>.

² Australia, Austria, Belgium, France, Germany, Denmark, Switzerland, Greece, Estonia, the United Kingdom, the United States, Canada, Japan, Ireland, Iceland, Spain, Italy, Korea, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, New Zealand, Norway, the Netherlands, Hungary, Poland, Portugal, Romania (associate), Slovakia, Slovenia, Sweden, Czechia, Finland and the EU.

provided Ukraine with USD 34.6 billion, an increase of 65.2% compared with 2024. If these outflows are included, total bilateral ODA to Ukraine amounted in 2025 to USD 44.9 billion, up 18.7% compared with 2024 and constituting the highest amount of ODA to a single recipient ever recorded in a single year.

Bilateral ODA from DAC countries to Africa (USD 29.0 billion), sub-Saharan Africa (USD 24.5 billion) and the Least Developed Countries/LDCs (USD 23.5 billion) also decreased (by 23.9%, 26.3% and 25.8% respectively). If outflows from the EU institutions are also included, Ukraine received more ODA in 2025 than all the LDCs combined and more than all the countries of sub-Saharan Africa.

In-donor refugee costs amounted to USD 23.0 billion, a decrease of 22.1% compared with 2024. As a share of total ODA, they remained relatively stable (13.2% against 13.0% in 2024). These costs have fallen by 36.8% since their peak in 2022, following the onset of the refugee crisis resulting from Ukraine.

Within the framework of the 2030 Agenda for the achievement of the 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) at global level (Resolution of the 70th UN General Assembly A/RES/70/1 of 25.9.2015, "Transforming our World: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development")³, the OECD has adapted the recording of development programmes so as to capture more accurately the impact of each action on the achievement of the SDGs, thereby contributing to their implementation. For this reason, new variables (fields) have been introduced concerning the recording of the SDGs (at the level of the 17 Goals and 169 Targets).

(b) Performance of Bilateral Aid Donors

In 2025, ODA decreased in most DAC countries. Among them: Austria (-6.3%), Belgium (-21.4%), Czechia (-28.0%), Estonia (-2.0%), Finland (-5.4%), France (-10.9%), Germany (-17.4%), Greece (-10.9%), Ireland (-22.5%), Lithuania (-9.7%), Latvia (-9.0%), the Netherlands (-4.9%), Poland (-19.0%), Portugal (-19.3%), Romania (-12.4%), Slovakia (-6.4%), Slovenia (-4.2%), Switzerland (-7.1%), the United Kingdom (-10.8%), the United States (-56.9%), Japan (-5.6%), New Zealand (-12.8%), Canada (-2.3%), Korea (-2.3%) and Australia (-2.7%). By contrast, increases were recorded by Denmark (+3.0%), Hungary (+45.7%), Luxembourg (+8.9%), Italy (+0.03%), Spain (+10.7%), Sweden (+9.6%), Iceland (+3.6%) and Norway (+1.7%).

As regards non-DAC donor countries, no country exceeded the 0.70% target. Decreases were recorded in Azerbaijan (-25.7%), Bulgaria (-13.3%), Croatia (-6.9%), Israel (-9.9%), Kuwait (-20.3%), Liechtenstein (-6.3%), Malta (-23.9%) and Türkiye (-9.0%). By contrast, increases were recorded in Taiwan (+5.0%), Monaco (+10.7%), Qatar (+23.4%) and the UAE (+55.5%).

³ <https://documents.un.org/doc/undoc/gen/n15/291/89/pdf/n1529189.pdf?OpenElement>

2. OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE OF GREECE

Greece's total (bilateral and multilateral) Official Development Assistance (ODA), according to the available (provisional) data, amounted in **2025 to USD 357.81 million (0.13% of Gross National Income)**, a decrease of 10.9% (in real terms) compared with 2024 (USD 372.12 million, 0.15% of GNI).

Bilateral assistance amounted to USD 53.41 million (from USD 66.04 million in 2024) and multilateral assistance to USD 304.40 million (from USD 306.08 million in 2024).

Official Development Assistance of Greece

Type of Assistance	2025	
Bilateral (ODA)	53.41	0.02% of GNI
Multilateral (ODA)	304.40	0.11% of GNI
TOTAL	357.81	0.13% of GNI

In USD million (GNI 2025: USD 275.727 billion)

(a) Greek Bilateral Official Development Assistance

The total **bilateral** ODA provided by Greece during 2025 amounted to **USD 53.41 million** (from USD 66.04 million in 2024), of which USD 50.4 million concerned in-donor refugee costs within Greek territory.

(b) Greek Multilateral Official Development Assistance

The total **multilateral** ODA provided by Greece in 2025 amounted to **USD 304.04 million** (from USD 306.08 million in 2024). Total resources allocated to EU institutions for external development assistance amounted to USD 290.00 million. An amount of USD 10.90 million was allocated to organisations of the United Nations system and USD 3.5 million to other international organisations.

3. ACTIONS AND WORK FOR DEVELOPMENT AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE

A. Four-Year National Programme for International Development Cooperation

The Four-Year National Programme for International Development Cooperation 2024-2027 describes the geographical and sectoral focus of Greek development cooperation policy, the strategic framework of the scholarships programme and the mechanisms for implementing Greece's relevant actions.

The Programme provides for the relaunch of bilateral development assistance programmes in a limited number of selected countries in sub-Saharan Africa, the Middle East, the Balkans and the Black Sea. The geographical strategy focuses on

priority regions and countries, considering Greece's comparative advantages as well as the objectives of foreign policy.

B. Humanitarian Action

This section outlines Greece's response to appeals for contributions to International Organisations and/or their programmes, as well as for bilateral contributions to beneficiary countries where humanitarian crises have broken out.

Humanitarian assistance in kind:

- On 17 January 2025, a C-130 aircraft of the Hellenic Air Force travelled to Marqa airport in Jordan, carrying medical and pharmaceutical supplies, clothing, cleaning and personal hygiene items (6 tonnes, volume 9.6 m³), with the Jordan Hashemite Charity Organisation (JHCO) as final recipient, for the Gaza Strip.
- On 6 February 2025, a C-130 aircraft of the Hellenic Air Force travelled to Amman, Jordan, carrying medical and pharmaceutical supplies (1 pallet, volume 5.3 m³, with an estimated value of EUR 5,300), with the Jordan Hashemite Charity Organisation (JHCO) as final recipient, for the Gaza Strip.
- On 9 August 2025, Greece participated (with two aircraft, a C-130 and a C-27, of the Hellenic Air Force) in airdrops of 8.5 tonnes of humanitarian assistance (food and water), as part of the Jordanian initiative for airdrops of humanitarian aid to the population of the Gaza Strip.
- In November 2025, the transport by sea and land of two consignments (48 pallets, 11.5 tonnes, value EUR 237,708.1) of humanitarian assistance (pharmaceutical supplies and healthcare items) was completed. The consignments were collected by the Ministry of Health in cooperation with the Hellenic Association of Pharmaceutical Companies (PEF) and the organisation Human Plus, and sent to the Embassy in Damascus for delivery to the Greek Orthodox Patriarchate of Antioch, with the aim of supporting the hospitals it maintains (the transport cost, amounting to EUR 28,700, was covered by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs).

C. Contributions to International Organisations, Programmes and Services

A. Financial contributions to International Organisations or to their programmes with particular focus on countries in humanitarian crisis, and to international development cooperation programmes

- 1) Financial contribution of EUR 10,000 to UNICEF (United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund) to support its school feeding programme in Grenada (date of disbursement: 6.3.2025)
- 2) Financial contribution of EUR 50,000 to the United Nations World Food Programme (WFP) for the "Grain from Ukraine" initiative, following the relevant

announcement in the framework of the Third Summit on Food Security, Kyiv, 23.11.2024 (date of disbursement: 18.3.2025)

3) Financial contribution of EUR 100,000 to the United Nations Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF), as Greece's contribution in response to crises around the world (date of disbursement: 6.5.2025)

4) Financial contribution of EUR 30,000 to the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) in support of actions for the protection of maternal and reproductive health in Moldova, and specifically for refugees and vulnerable population groups affected by the war in Ukraine (date of disbursement: 27.6.2025)

5) Financial contribution of EUR 50,000 to the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA)/Afghanistan Humanitarian Fund (AHF) to strengthen the humanitarian response in Afghanistan (date of disbursement: 30.6.2025)

6) Contribution of EUR 30,000 to the Development Assistance Committee (DAC) of the OECD (date of disbursement: 12.8.2025)

7) Financial contribution of EUR 150,000 to the World Health Organization (WHO) of the United Nations for addressing Obstetric Fistula in the Sahel and the Horn of Africa (date of disbursement: 13.8.2025)

8) Financial contribution of EUR 200,000 to the World Health Organization (WHO) of the United Nations for the humanitarian crisis in Syria, following Greece's pledge at the Ninth Brussels Conference on 17.2.2025 (date of disbursement: 18.8.2025)

9) Financial contribution of EUR 50,000 to the OECD programme "Energy, Digital and Regional Interconnectivity in Southeastern Europe" for the Western Balkans (date of disbursement: 18.8.2025)

10) Financial contribution of EUR 100,000 to the World Health Organization (WHO) of the United Nations for the improvement of maternal and neonatal health in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (date of disbursement: 18.8.2025)

11) Financial contribution of EUR 70,000 to the United Nations World Food Programme (WFP) to support vulnerable population groups in Cuba (date of disbursement: 19.8.2025)

12) Financial contributions (of EUR 50,000 and EUR 200,000) to the UN Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (UNRWA), to address the humanitarian crisis in Lebanon (dates of disbursement: 2.9.2025 and 3.12.2025 respectively)

13) Financial contribution of EUR 300,000 to the United Nations World Food Programme (WFP) for addressing climate crisis risks in the Small Island Developing States (SIDS) under the programme "Building Climate Resilience

Response and Early Recovery in Caribbean SIDS" (date of disbursement: 6.11.2025)

14) Financial contribution of EUR 150,000 to the United Nations World Food Programme (WFP) for the humanitarian crisis in Afghanistan (date of disbursement: 19.11.2025)

15) Additional extraordinary financial contribution of EUR 100,000 to the United Nations World Food Programme (WFP) for the "Grain from Ukraine" initiative (date of disbursement: 20.11.2025)

16) Financial contribution of EUR 100,000 to the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) to address the humanitarian crisis in Haiti (date of disbursement: 20.11.2025)

17) Financial contribution of EUR 800,000 to the International Organization for Migration (IOM) for Libya, in support of actions to save human lives and protect refugees/migrants, with the aim of preventing the smuggling of migrants and the trafficking of human beings, as well as of implementing voluntary humanitarian returns (date of disbursement: 1.12.2025)

18) Financial contribution of EUR 200,000 to the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) for Syria (date of disbursement: 1.12.2025)

19) Financial contribution of EUR 100,000 to the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) for the humanitarian crisis in Syria (date of disbursement: 1.12.2025)

20) Financial contribution of EUR 100,000 to the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) to strengthen its humanitarian programme in Lebanon (date of disbursement: 1.12.2025)

21) Financial contribution of EUR 200,000 to UNICEF (United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund) to address immediate humanitarian needs for the children of Syria (date of disbursement: 3.12.2025)

22) Financial contribution of EUR 120,000 to the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) to strengthen the agri-food sector and food security in Armenia through the programme "Aligning Food Systems with Climate Action in Armenia in relation to the UN Food Systems Coordination Hub" (date of disbursement: 3.12.2025)

23) Financial contribution of EUR 400,000 to the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), for actions in Sudan (EUR 200,000), Chad (EUR 100,000) and Egypt (EUR 100,000), to address the humanitarian crisis (date of disbursement: 19.12.2025)

24) Financial contribution of EUR 200,000 to the World Health Organization (WHO) of the United Nations for humanitarian actions in Libya (date of disbursement: 19.12.2025)

25) Financial contribution of EUR 300,000 to the World Health Organization (WHO) of the United Nations to address the Ebola epidemic in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (date of disbursement: 19.12.2025)

B. Allocation of appropriations through other Central Government bodies

1) Transfer of EUR 25,000 to the budget of the Ministry of National Defence, to cover fuel costs for the air transport of Greek humanitarian assistance to the Gaza Strip.

2) Transfer of EUR 24,960 to the budget of the Ministry of Education, Religious Affairs and Sports for the further training of doctors of Albanian nationality at the University of Ioannina, in various specialties.

D. Development Cooperation Actions

Fetal Medicine and Prenatal Screening Programme in cooperation with the "Fetal Medicine Foundation" of London

In 2022, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs launched the implementation of a programme for the establishment of Fetal Medicine – Prenatal Screening Units and related training, in cooperation with the "Fetal Medicine Foundation" of London. The programme is implemented in five countries (Ethiopia, Albania, Armenia, North Macedonia and Moldova), as well as in Kosovo⁴.

The programme includes the following actions for the period 2022-2025:

1. Creation/development of a Fetal Medicine Unit, within the framework of the national health system, to be housed in the Obstetrics and Gynaecology Clinic of a public hospital in the capital, selected by the country's Ministry of Health. In this context, there is provision for the "Fetal Medicine Foundation" to supply equipment for the needs of the Fetal Medicine Unit, including ultrasound machines, computers, software and furniture.

2. Creation of a Fetal Medicine training programme: (i) training of doctors with practical application of the new methods of prenatal screening and fetal medicine, by doctors of the "Fetal Medicine Foundation" and (ii) provision of two-year fellowships at the "Fetal Medicine Foundation" for studies at "King's College Hospital" in London. Under the Memorandum, the doctors trained will staff the Fetal Medicine Unit in their country of origin and will train other doctors in this field.

⁴ This designation is without prejudice to positions on status and is in line with United Nations Security Council Resolution 1244/1999 and the ICJ Opinion on the Kosovo declaration of independence.

The “Fetal Medicine Foundation” of London⁵ is a non-profit foundation whose aim is the dissemination and widespread use of the pioneering research and methods it has developed regarding the diagnosis and treatment of problems during pregnancy. The programme, which has been implemented in close cooperation with the Ministries of Health of the five beneficiary countries and of Kosovo, constitutes a valuable transfer of know-how and supports the application of methods that contribute to improving the health of fetuses and pregnant women and to reducing mortality, ensuring the participation of the trainee doctors in cutting-edge medical technology and research.

It is noted that the trilateral Memoranda of Cooperation (Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Greece, Ministry of Health of the recipient country and the “Fetal Medicine Foundation”) provide, inter alia, for an obligation on trainees to return to their country of origin after the completion of their training, in order to maximise development impact.

In 2025, the following actions were carried out:

Ethiopia

Provision of a two-year fellowship at the “Fetal Medicine Foundation”. The fellow’s training began around the end of March 2025.

Albania

Provision of two fellowships for two-year training at the “Fetal Medicine Foundation”, beginning on 17 May 2025.

Armenia

Provision of one fellowship for two-year training at the “Fetal Medicine Foundation”.

North Macedonia

The Fetal Medicine/Prenatal Screening Unit at the University Gynaecological Clinic of Skopje, in cooperation with the Medical School of the University of Skopje, organised on 19 May 2025 a conference in honour of Professor Kypros Nicolaides, in the light of the decision of the Saints Cyril and Methodius University of Skopje to confer on him the title of Honorary Professor.

Kosovo

Training of doctors (gynaecologists) from Kosovo at the “HIPPOKRATEIO” General Hospital of Thessaloniki, in the framework of the implementation of the Fetal Medicine and Prenatal Screening Programme in cooperation with the “Fetal Medicine Foundation” of London. The training took place during the period 20-31 January 2025, at the 3rd Obstetrics and Gynaecology Clinic of the Medical Department of the Aristotle University of Thessaloniki.

⁵ <https://fetalmedicine.org/>

Moldova

Provision of one fellowship for six (6) months' training at the "Filantropia Hospital" in Romania, with full coverage of accommodation costs by the "Fetal Medicine Foundation".

E. Representation and Policies

European Union

1. Councils of Ministers for Development Cooperation and Meetings of Directors-General for Development Cooperation

The Directorate-General for Development and Humanitarian Assistance participated in, and prepared dossiers for, Greece's representation at the following Councils of Ministers for Development Cooperation and Meetings of Directors-General for Development Cooperation:

- Informal Meeting of the Foreign Affairs Council (FAC)/Development (Warsaw, 10-11 February 2025)
- Informal Meeting of EU Directors-General for Development Cooperation (Warsaw, 8-9 April 2025)
- Meeting of the Foreign Affairs Council (FAC)/Development (Brussels, 26 May 2025)
- Meeting of the Directors-General for Development Cooperation of EU Member States (Antwerp, 10-11.12.2025)

2. European Councils and other High-Level Meetings of the European Union

The Directorate-General for Development and Humanitarian Assistance contributed to the preparation dossiers for Greece's representation at the following international meetings:

- 5th Meeting of Senior Officials on humanitarian issues for Ukraine (Brussels, 28 January 2025)
- EU General Affairs Council/GAC (Brussels, 18 March 2025)
- Senior Officials' Meeting on Afghanistan (Brussels, 16-17 June 2025)
- EU General Affairs Council/GAC (Luxembourg, 24 June 2025)
- EU-Paraguay Investment Forum – Global Gateway (Asunción, 24-25 June 2025)
- Plenary Session of the European Parliament (Brussels, 7-10 July 2025)
- Informal meeting of EU Directors-General (Aalborg, 8-9 July 2025)
- Plenary Session of the European Parliament (Brussels, 8-11 September 2025)

- Informal Meeting of the European Council (Copenhagen, 1 October 2025)
- Participation of the Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr. Theoharis, in the Global Gateway Board (8 October 2025) and the Global Gateway Forum (9-10 October 2025)
- Ministerial meeting with Eastern Partnership, Black Sea and Central Asia partners on the margins of the FAC (20 October 2025)
- 7th EU-AU Summit (Luanda, Angola, 24-25 November 2025)

3. Working Parties of the Council of the European Union and Committees responsible for the allocation of funds

The Directorate-General for Development and Humanitarian Assistance actively followed the consultations set out below among EU Member States (in the framework of Working Parties of the Council of the EU and of Committees responsible for the allocation of EU budget funds) and/or transmitted relevant positions to the Permanent Representation of Greece to the EU, for use by the competent desk officer:

Working Party on Development Cooperation and International Partnerships (CODEV-PI)

The Working Party on Development Cooperation and International Partnerships (CODEV-PI WP) examines the policy principles, objectives and details of EU action in relation to development cooperation with third countries. The Working Party prepares the Foreign Affairs Council in the configuration of Ministers for Development Cooperation (FAC/Development Cooperation). Within the framework of EU development cooperation policy, it prepares the Council's strategic guidelines on a range of issues, such as:

- (a) economic, social and environmental development, with the aim of eradicating poverty;
- (b) coordination of development policies among Member States, including possible joint actions;
- (c) commitments undertaken by the EU and its Member States at international conferences; and
- (d) measures necessary for the implementation of EU development cooperation policy.

In the framework of the meetings of the above Working Party, positions have been prepared on the following themes (indicatively):

"Draft Council Conclusions on the 2024 Annual Report on the Implementation of the European Union's External Action Instruments in 2023", "OECD Report 'States of Fragility 2025'", "Impact of the suspension of US foreign assistance to Ukraine", "Impact of the suspension of US foreign assistance on support for democracy in

partner countries”, “Spring Meetings of the World Bank Group and the International Monetary Fund”, “Greece-UNFPA cooperation”, “EU-US relations and the review of US foreign assistance: proposed criteria for external assistance and proposed priorities for EU action”, “Initial draft Council Conclusions on the Fourth International Conference on Financing for Development (FfD4)”, “The EU’s international development cooperation system and policies, in view of the meeting of Member State representatives with OECD/DAC officials in the framework of the EU Peer Review”, “Simplification of the EU External Action Guarantee and use of the 2024 and 2025 EFSD surpluses”, “European Investment Bank: Update on the 2024 Activities and the Strategic Review of EIB Global”, “Policy paper of the think tank ECDPM on the reform of the EU’s external financing architecture (NDICI 2.0)”, “4th International Conference on Financing for Development in Seville”, “Working methods of the Foreign Affairs Council in the configuration of Ministers for Development Cooperation (FAC/DEV)”.

Committee for the Neighbourhood, Development and International Cooperation Instrument – Global Europe (NDICI-GE), configurations “Sub-Saharan Africa”/“Asia-Pacific”/“Global Challenges”

The NDICI-GE (2021-2027) is the EU’s new financing instrument for development cooperation and partnership with the rest of the world. It is a consolidated instrument for EU external assistance and cooperation with international partners, worth EUR 79.46 billion. It is the product of the merger and upgrading of instruments from the previous financing period (2014-2020) and their integration into the Union budget. Particular emphasis is placed on the development dimension, as at least 93% of the financing provided through the NDICI-GE must also be recorded as Official Development Assistance.

The NDICI-GE Committee meets in Brussels, in four geographical configurations (Neighbourhood, Sub-Saharan Africa, Asia and the Pacific, Latin America and the Caribbean) and five thematic configurations (Human Rights and Democracy, Civil Society Organisations, Peace-Stability and Conflict Prevention, Global Challenges, Rapid Response and EU Foreign Policy Needs). Representatives of the European Commission and of the Member States participate in the NDICI-GE Committee in its various configurations.

The NDICI-GE Committee approves the national and regional multiannual indicative programmes, as well as the related annual action plans. By participating in the relevant consultations and votes during 2025, Greece contributed to the adoption of the relevant programming documents.

A significant part of the programmes concerns the flagship “Team Europe Initiatives” (TEIs), which aim to combine EU funding with financing and development actions of the Member States and the development banks within a coherent intervention framework, in order to achieve significant development impact.

In parallel, positions were transmitted to the Directorate-General for Political Affairs of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs concerning the effectiveness of the NDICI-Global Europe cushion, as well as the EU's next Multiannual Financial Framework and Enlargement.

Working Party on Africa, Caribbean and Pacific countries (ACP)

The Council Working Party on the African, Caribbean and Pacific countries (ACP WP) is responsible for EU cooperation with the ACP countries (which now jointly constitute the "Organisation of African, Caribbean and Pacific States", OACPS), in the framework of the implementation of the twenty-year Cotonou Agreement (signed in 2000), which was succeeded by the — likewise twenty-year — Samoa Agreement, signed on 15 November 2023 and provisionally applied since 1 January 2024. The Agreement has not yet fully entered into force, as the completion of the required internal approval/ratification procedures by the Parties is still pending. It is noted that Cuba and Equatorial Guinea have not signed the Agreement. Like the preceding Cotonou Agreement, the Samoa Agreement is a partnership agreement covering a broad range of issues; it aims at the eradication of poverty in the ACP countries and provides the contractual framework governing cooperation between the two sides (ACP-EU) both on development and trade and on political matters (migration, maritime governance, cooperation in multilateral fora, etc.).

In the framework of the meetings of the above Working Party, positions were prepared on the following themes (indicatively):

"European Development Fund (EDF) decommitted funds", "Specific aspects of EU-CARIFORUM trade cooperation, in particular as regards geographical indications".

Working Party on the 2030 Agenda (Agenda 2030)

The Working Party on the "2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development" (Agenda 2030 WP) is responsible for the follow-up, monitoring and review of the internal and external implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development by the EU across all policy areas. Representatives of the EEAS also participate in its work.

The Agenda 2030 WP provides a platform for the exchange of information on the implementation of the 2030 Agenda at Member State level. In addition, it examines general horizontal issues and records the progress achieved in the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) at EU level, in an integrated and coherent manner. In accordance with the Council Conclusions of 20 June 2017 on "A sustainable European future: the EU response to the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development", the Agenda 2030 WP contributes to ensuring systematic, effective, participatory, transparent and integrated follow-up and review of SDG implementation at EU level, so that progress is monitored, achievements are assessed and accountability is ensured. The Agenda 2030 WP has also a leading role in coordinating and preparing — in synergy with other

competent EU bodies — common EU approaches and positions ahead of the relevant international dialogues, processes and fora on sustainable development in which the EU and its Member States participate, in particular within the framework of the United Nations.

In the framework of the meetings of the above Working Party, positions have been transmitted on the following themes (indicatively):

"Key Messages for the UN High-Level Political Forum on Sustainable Development 2025 (UN HLPF 2025)", "European Commission Work Programme for 2025", "Omnibus Simplification Package and Clean Industrial Deal", "Announcement of Greek participation in a side event of the Regional Cooperation Council (RCC) of the South-East European Cooperation Process (SEECP), on 'Disaster risk insurance coverage and risk-sharing mechanisms', on the margins of the 2025 UNECE Regional Forum on Sustainable Development (Geneva, 2-3.4.2025)", "The business sector as a force for sustainable transformation: achieving the SDGs in times of complexity", "The future of the 2030 Agenda – open dialogue among the members of the Working Party and consideration of future measures", "Outcomes of the 2025 United Nations Ocean Conference", "Harnessing public-private partnerships to accelerate sustainable innovation", "Cooperation between labour market actors and government to promote an effective green transition", "Presentation of the Eurostat 2025 Report on monitoring progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals in the EU", "Strategic Foresight Report 2025 of the European Commission", "Presentation of the European Commission's priorities for the period 2024-2029".

Group of Foreign Relations Counsellors – "Horizontal Affairs" (RELEX-HQ)

The RELEX Group deals with the legal, financial and institutional issues of the Common Foreign and Security Policy (CFSP). Its priorities include: sanctions, EU crisis management operations, EU special representatives, the financing of external activities, nuclear non-proliferation and other cross-cutting issues. In the framework of the Group's meetings concerning issues of the EU's "Global Gateway" Strategy, which take place at least once a month, positions have been prepared (indicatively) on:

"Participation of small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) in the 'Global Gateway' Strategy", "Revision of the list of 'Global Gateway' flagship projects", "The 'Global Gateway' Strategy in the Neighbourhood and Enlargement countries", "Strategic discussion on the 'Global Gateway' flagship projects", "Cooperation with the private sector, including the Business Advisory Group (BAG)", "Communication strategy", "Inclusion of Armenia in the 'Crossroads for Peace' initiative".

Council Working Party on Humanitarian Aid and Food Aid (COHAFA)

The Council Working Party on "Humanitarian Aid and Food Aid" (COHAFA) is responsible for the EU's humanitarian strategies and policies and for its response to humanitarian crises. In particular, COHAFA monitors humanitarian assistance

needs in man-made and natural disasters outside the EU, ensures the coherence and coordination of the EU's collective response to these crises, and discusses international, horizontal and sectoral humanitarian policies. Its work promotes the implementation of the "European Consensus on Humanitarian Aid", adherence to the core humanitarian principles (humanity, neutrality, impartiality and independence) and the defence of International Humanitarian Law (IHL).

In the framework of the meetings of the above Working Party, positions have been prepared on the following themes (indicatively):

"Famine", "Humanitarian Funding Gap", "Humanitarian Situation in the Middle East with a Focus on Gaza and Lebanon", "Draft Council Conclusions on Protection in Humanitarian Settings".

4. The EU "Global Gateway" Strategy

The EU's "Global Gateway" development initiative aims to link the priorities of EU foreign policy with its financial and development instruments, through a common strategy and an overall investment package. It seeks to leverage investments totalling up to EUR 300 billion for the period 2021-2027, mobilising both the EU's development mechanisms and the private sector.

It focuses thematically on the development of global infrastructure in the digital sector, the energy sector, the transport sector, health and education, as well as on addressing global challenges (climate change, human rights, global health, resilient supply chains), by providing fair and favourable terms to aid recipients. It has very broad geographical coverage, extending beyond Africa to the regions of the Western Balkans, the EU's Eastern Neighbourhood, Asia-Pacific and Latin America-the Caribbean.

The "Global Gateway" Strategy comprises sustainable and high-quality investment projects. Projects designated as flagship projects and included in the relevant annual lists constitute prominent examples of actions under the "Global Gateway". The purpose of the list is to present the priorities of the EU, its Member States and its partner countries, as well as to contribute to strengthening strategic partnerships and promoting projects of common interest.

The 2025 lists of flagship actions comprised 264 projects. Three projects of Greek interest have already been included in the lists of flagship actions: the "GREGY interconnector"/"Egypt-Greece electricity interconnection" (2023), the "Integrated Bauxite and Aluminum Project in Ghana" with the participation of "Metlen Energy & Metals" (2024), and "Investment in the Health Sector in Egypt" with the participation of the "Athens Medical Group" (2024). Inclusion of a project in the list does not necessarily guarantee funding in the form of a grant. Other advantages do arise, however, such as a reduced borrowing rate, inclusion of the project under the "umbrella" of European investment, and possible financing of related infrastructure projects affecting the viability of the particular programme.

Establishment of “Team Greece”

As the “Global Gateway” Strategy is implemented within the framework of the “Team Europe” approach, and in order for Greece to become more actively involved in the whole process, the “Team Greece” group was established, comprising representatives from the Ministries with competence in each priority sector (Education, Health, Infrastructure and Transport, Environment and Energy, Shipping and Island Policy, as well as Digital Governance), the “Hellenic Development Bank” and the “Hellenic Export Credit Insurance Company S.A.”. The mission of “Team Greece” is supported, as its executive arm, by a Task Force established within the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. The principal objective of this whole effort is the raising awareness amongst Greek enterprises (especially SMEs) and public bodies on the opportunities arising in the framework of the “Global Gateway” Strategy in a timely manner, by creating a “cooperative scheme” of Athens-Brussels-Enterprises-Ministries, under the coordination of the Directorate-General for Development and Humanitarian Assistance.

Ministry of Foreign Affairs Info Day on the Participation of the Private Sector in the EU “Global Gateway” Strategy – Launching the “Team Greece” Group

On Tuesday, 28 January 2025, an Info Day was held (for a second time), with more than 100 participants, concerning emerging opportunities for the participation of the Greek private sector in the EU’s “Global Gateway” Strategy, which aims to mobilise investments of up to EUR 300 billion in developing countries by 2027. The Info Day took place at the premises of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs,

The Secretary-General for International Economic Relations and Extroversion, Mr. Dimitris Skalkos, delivered the opening address, underlining, inter alia, the importance of the “Global Gateway” Strategy for boosting the extroversion of Greek enterprises and the value of adopting a cooperative approach in order to make better use of the Strategy.

The Vice-President of the EIB, Mr. Yannis Tsakiris, referred on the one hand to the EIB’s significant contribution to the implementation of the Strategy and, on the other, to the emerging prospects for cooperation with Greek enterprises.

The Director-General for Development and Humanitarian Assistance and coordinator of Team Greece, Mr. Dimitris Karamitsos-Tziras, referred to the completion of the process of establishing the “Team Greece” Group, which is expected to play a significant role in guiding and assisting Greek enterprises in the framework of the implementation of the Strategy.

The Head of the Private Sector Engagement Unit of the European Commission’s Directorate-General for International Partnerships (DG INTPA), Mr. Rigo Belpaire, underlined the importance of attracting private investment and of EU Member

States assuming a supporting role through “National Teams” such as “Team Greece”.

5. Reconstruction of Ukraine

Greece has undertaken to be present in the future reconstruction of Ukraine, through public-private partnerships, in the sectors of construction, health and the protection of cultural heritage, mainly in the region of Odesa. In this context, the “Hellenic Aid” website is continuously updated, with a special section dedicated to the prospects for private sector contribution to Ukraine reconstruction projects.

United Nations

The Directorate-General for Development and Humanitarian Assistance represented Greece at, and/or prepared interventions/dossiers for United Nations High-Level Meetings or other bodies and committees:

1. High-Level Meetings

- 63rd Session of the Commission for Social Development (New York, 10-14 February 2025)
- Third UN Conference on Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDC3): 5-8 August 2025, Turkmenistan
- United Nations High-Level Political Forum (HLPF) on Sustainable Development (New York, 14-23 July 2025)
- High-Level Week of the 80th UN General Assembly
- Second World Summit for Social Development (Doha, 4-6 November 2025)
- Fourth International Conference on Financing for Development (FfD4): held in Seville from 30 June to 3 July 2025, it constituted a significant milestone for the reassessment of the global framework for financing sustainable development. The Conference highlighted the need for reform of the international financial architecture, with emphasis on sustainable debt management, the strengthening of financing through the multilateral development banks, the mobilisation of private capital and greater support for the most vulnerable countries. Its main outcomes were the Outcome Document, known as the “Compromiso de Sevilla”, and the Sevilla Platform for Action (SPA), aimed at accelerating financing for the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals.

2. UN bodies, the UN Second Committee (Economic and Financial Committee) and other Committees

- ECOSOC Youth Forum (New York, 15-17 April 2025)
- Briefing of the new Permanent Representative to the United Nations (18 July 2025)

- Request by the Embassy of Brazil for co-sponsorship of a Draft Resolution on the “Implementation of the United Nations Decade of Action on Nutrition 2016-2025”
- Furthermore, positions were transmitted in view of the adoption of the following draft Resolutions of the Second Committee of the 80th United Nations General Assembly (indicatively):

“The pivotal role of reliable and stable energy connectivity in driving sustainable development”, “South-South Cooperation”, “Draft Resolution of the 79th United Nations General Assembly (UNGA 79) on the implementation of the United Nations Decade of Action on Nutrition (2016-2025)”.

Development Assistance Committee of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)

In the framework of participation in the Development Assistance Committee (DAC) of the OECD, the following actions were undertaken:

1. High-Level Meetings

The Directorate-General for Development and Humanitarian Assistance prepared interventions for high-level meetings or represented the country at the following meetings:

- High-Level Meeting (HLM) of the OECD/DAC 2025 (Paris, 20 March 2025)
- 56th Tidewater High-Level Meeting (Reykjavik, 8-9 September 2025), with the participation of the Director-General.

2. Meetings of the OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC)

1. Representation and formulation of positions for the following meetings of the OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC), and submission of positions:

- (a) Monthly (regular) DAC meetings
- (b) Working Party on Development Finance Statistics (WP-STAT)
- (c) ENVIRONET network (Environment)
- (d) GOVNET network (Governance)
- (e) GENDERNET network (Gender Equality)

In the framework of the work of the OECD Development Assistance Committee (OECD/DAC), positions have been transmitted on the following themes (indicatively):

“Effective Development Cooperation”, “Dialogue on development and humanitarian cooperation with Ukraine”, “Associate Status of Romania in the DAC”, “Approach to private finance for development”, “Towards a revised DAC proposal for international development cooperation”, “Updating the guidance on

the DAC Principles on Blended Finance”, “4th International Conference on Financing for Development (FfD4)”, “Redefining international development cooperation and the role of the DAC”, “Updating the strategic approach to global relations (Global Relations)”, “Towards a new understanding of Official Development Assistance (ODA)”, “Towards a new paradigm of effective development cooperation – follow-up to the work of the DAC High Level Meeting (HLM)”, “Peer learning on inter-ministerial coordination for development cooperation”, “Integrated National Financing Framework Facility – technical assistance and capacity building”, “Strengthening the process of graduation from ODA eligibility”, “Dialogue on development and humanitarian assistance in Ukraine”, “Development, peace and fragility”.

Mid-Term Review of Greece’s development cooperation system and policy by the OECD/DAC

Peer Reviews are a useful instrument of the OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC) for promoting the accountability of its donor member countries and mutual learning.

In this context, on Tuesday, 2 December 2025, a Mid-Term Review of Greece’s development cooperation system and policy was carried out by the OECD/DAC, of which Greece has been a member since 1999.

In addition to representatives of the Directorate-General for Development and Humanitarian Assistance of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs (Hellenic Aid) and its individual Directorates, competent officials of the Ministries of Migration and Asylum and of Education, Religious Affairs and Sports also took part in the process. Progress in implementing the recommendations of Greece’s 4th Peer Review by the DAC (April-November 2018) was examined.

The outcome of the MTR was the identification of positive points and prospects, as well as of challenges, regarding individual legal, institutional and administrative/operational aspects of Greece’s international development cooperation.

Review of Slovakia’s Development Cooperation System, in which Greece participated as an Examining Country

The OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC) conducts peer reviews of each of its members in a cycle of five to six years, with the aim of continuously improving the quality and effectiveness of development cooperation. The reviews highlight good practices, as well as areas where improvements are required, strengthening the overall contribution of members to international development. Greece and Lithuania participated as examining countries in the second review of Slovakia’s development cooperation system.

Since its accession to the DAC in 2013, Slovakia has made significant progress since the previous review of 2019. Among its achievements, the strengthening of management systems, the increase in humanitarian assistance in response to

global crises, and the use of its own transition experience to provide high-quality technical assistance stand out.

South East Europe (SEE) 2030 Strategy

At the Summit of the South East European Cooperation Process (SEECP)⁶ in Sarajevo in 2019, it was decided to entrust the Regional Cooperation Council (RCC) with the preparation of the 2030 Strategy for South East Europe (SEE 2030 Strategy). The SEE 2030 Strategy sets out the priority areas, the actions with specific objectives at national and regional level, and the indicators for measuring progress with specific timetables for achieving sustainable development within the framework of the United Nations 2030 Agenda. In this context, the following actions were undertaken:

- Submission of comments on the Draft Declaration of the Tirana Chairmanship ahead of the Summit of the South East European Cooperation Process/SEECP (Tirana, 16 June 2025)
- Consultation with the Political Department of the Regional Cooperation Council (RCC) regarding the SEE “Inclusive Growth Index” (IGI), 28 April 2025
- Submission of a briefing note ahead of the participation of Deputy Minister Ms. Papadopoulou in the Summit and in the Meeting of Ministers of Foreign Affairs of the South East European Cooperation Process, SEECP (16 June 2025)

F. Bilateral Meetings and Visits

Directorate-General for Development and Humanitarian Assistance contributed to the preparation of the service file for the following bilateral meetings:

- Visit of the Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr. Fragogiannis, to Bosnia and Herzegovina (14 January 2025)
- 1st Regular Session of the UNICEF Executive Board for 2025 (31 January 2025)
- Meeting of the Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs, Ms. Papadopoulou, with the Minister for European Affairs of the Republic of North Macedonia, Orhan Murtezani (7 February 2025)

⁶ The SEECP was founded in 1996 and is the only regional cooperation framework in which all the countries of South East Europe participate exclusively (Greece, Albania, North Macedonia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Montenegro, Moldova, Romania, Serbia, Slovenia, Türkiye) together with Kosovo. Its aim is to strengthen good neighbourly relations among the participants, as well as appropriate preparation for integration into the Euro-Atlantic institutions, with cooperation in the fields of the rule of law, security and the economy. The RCC is the executive arm of the SEECP, based in Sarajevo.

- Meeting of the Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr. Chatzivasileiou, with the Vice-President of the European Investment Bank (EIB), Mr De Groot (13 February 2025)
- Participation of the Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr. Chatzivasileiou, in a closed working dinner with a delegation of French business groups (Athens, 18 February 2025)
- Visit of the Vice-Chair of the Standing Committee on Defence and Foreign Affairs of the Hellenic Parliament, Mr. Kairidis, to Ukraine (23-26 February 2025)
- Meeting with the Palestinian Minister of Planning, Mr. Zakout (26.2.2025) – Proposed development actions
- Meeting of Deputy Minister Ms. Papadopoulou with the Polish Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs (6 March 2025)
- Visit of Deputy Minister Mr. Chatzivasileiou to Cyprus (12 March 2025)
- Visit of Deputy Minister Mr. Chatzivasileiou to Montenegro (17 March 2025)
- Visit of Deputy Minister Mr. Chatzivasileiou to Ukraine (30 March-2 April 2025)
- Visit of Deputy Minister Mr. Chatzivasileiou to Moldova (2 April 2025)
- Meeting of Deputy Minister Mr. Chatzivasileiou with the Libyan Investment Authority (7 April 2025)
- Meeting of Deputy Minister Mr. Chatzivasileiou with his Ukrainian counterpart on the margins of the NATO Ministerial Meeting of Foreign Ministers (Brussels, 3 April 2025)
- Meeting of the Permanent Representative with the Director of the WFP Office to the EU (Brussels, 12 May 2025)
- Informal meeting with the Ambassador of Cuba (Athens, 15 May 2025)
- Participation of the Deputy Minister and the Director-General for Development and Humanitarian Assistance in the 4th European Humanitarian Forum (Brussels, 19-20 May 2025)
- Greece-Estonia consultations on development cooperation matters (Athens, 21 May 2025)
- Visit of Deputy Minister Mr. Chatzivasileiou to Madrid (26 May 2025)
- Visit of Deputy Minister Mr. Chatzivasileiou to Ukraine (1-5 June 2025)
- Meeting of Deputy Minister Mr. Chatzivasileiou with the Prime Minister of Moldova (2 June 2025)

- Meeting of Deputy Minister Mr. Chatzivasileiou with the Minister of State for International Cooperation of Qatar, Ms. Maryam bint Ali bin Nasser Al Misnad, on the margins of the 1st Joint Inter-Ministerial Committee Greece-Qatar (5 June 2025)
- Participation of the Prime Minister in the Ukraine – South East Europe Summit (Odesa, 11 June 2025)
- 1st Session of the Joint Inter-Ministerial Committee on Economic and Technological Cooperation between Greece and Qatar (Doha, 15-16 June 2025)
- Visit of Deputy Minister Mr. Chatzivasileiou to Munich (24 June 2025) and Düsseldorf (25 June 2025) – Address at a conference on the Greek economy and the prospects of Greek-Bavarian commercial cooperation, Bavarian Parliament (24 June 2025)
- Courtesy meeting of Deputy Minister Mr. Theoharis with the Ambassador of Italy to Athens, Mr Paolo Cuculi – “European Flagship Fund for the Reconstruction of Ukraine” initiative
- Meeting of the Minister with the Transitional Minister of Foreign Affairs and Expatriates of the Syrian Arab Republic, Mr. Asaad Hassan Al-Shaibani (Athens, 20 August 2025)
- Informal Gymnich Meeting of EU Member State Ministers (Copenhagen, 29-30 August 2025)
- Meeting of Deputy Minister Mr. Theoharis with the Ambassador of Serbia (1 September 2025)
- Participation of Deputy Minister Mr. Theoharis in the Bled Strategic Forum (Bled, Slovenia, 1-2 September 2025)
- Meeting of Deputy Minister Mr. Theoharis with the Chargé d’Affaires of the Embassy of Ukraine in Athens (10 September 2025)
- Meeting of Deputy Minister Mr. Theoharis with the Ambassador of Algeria (19 September 2025)
- Meeting of the Prime Minister with the Chairman of the Presidential Leadership Council of the Republic of Yemen, on the margins of the 80th UN General Assembly
- Meeting of the Minister with the Minister of Foreign Affairs of Palestine, Ms. Varsen Aghabekian, on the margins of the High-Level Week of the 80th Session of the UN General Assembly
- Participation of Deputy Minister Ms. Papadopoulou in the EU-CELAC Ministerial Meeting, in the framework of the 80th UN General Assembly (New York, 24 September 2025)

- Visit of the President of the Greece-Ukraine Parliamentary Friendship Group, Mr Stamatis, to Kyiv (27-28 September 2025)
- Meeting of the Minister with his Iraqi counterpart (Baghdad, 30 October 2025)
- Meeting of Deputy Minister Mr. Theoharis with the Ambassador of Iran (3 November 2025)
- Participation of Deputy Minister Mr. Theoharis in the 5th "Rebuild Ukraine: Construction and Energy" Exhibition and Conference (Warsaw, 13-14 November 2025)
- Meeting of the Prime Minister with the President of Ukraine, Mr. Volodymyr Zelenskyy (16 November 2025)

G. Other Actions

The Directorate-General for Development and Humanitarian Assistance also responded to needs for information or for contributions to the formulation of positions regarding:

- Preparation of a file for the briefing of the new Ambassador of Greece to Kenya (2 January 2025)
- Contribution to the drafting of the annual National Review-Report of the European Migration Network (10 January 2025)
- Contribution to the National Strategic Plan for Extroversion 2024 (17 January 2025)
- Request for information on the provision of development assistance to Serbia (18.2.2025)
- Consequences of the cessation of humanitarian funding in the global health sector by the United States (USAID) – Briefing (6.3.2025)
- Seminar for students of the University of the Peloponnese (7 April 2025)
- Syria Partnership Coordination Forum – Online meeting of senior officials on institution building (7 July 2025)
- Participation of Greece in the Busan Global Partnership Forum (Seoul, 30 September-1 October 2025)
- 9th International Meeting on Triangular Cooperation (Lisbon, 29-30 October 2025)
- Contribution to the annual report on the financial and technological support provided to developing countries, pursuant to Article 19 of the Governance Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 and Article 6 of Implementing Regulation (EU) 2020/1208

- First Leaders' Meeting of the Global Alliance against Hunger and Poverty (Doha, 3 November 2025)
- 3rd Intergovernmental Meeting between Greece and Cyprus (Athens, 12 November 2025)
- Trilateral Summit of Greece, Cyprus and Israel (Jerusalem, 22 December 2025)
- Management of the Special Register of Bodies of Directorate-General for Development and Humanitarian Assistance
- Meeting of the Working Group on the mapping of Non-Profit Organisations (NPOs) and the Terrorist Financing Risk Assessment, for the update of the National Risk Assessment Report (2018) on money laundering and terrorist financing (October 2025)
- Continuous updating of the website of the Directorate-General for Development and Humanitarian Assistance (<https://hellenicaid.mfa.gr>)
- Preparation of the 2024 Annual Report (in Greek and English)

H. Establishment of the Hellenic Aid Agency

Continuation of actions for the establishment of the "Hellenic Aid Agency". It must be ensured that, from its establishment, the new body will meet the relevant preconditions, in order to make possible the implementation of projects through "indirect management" of EU budget funds, following a successful Pillar Assessment procedure by the European Commission.

ANNEX



Consignment of six tonnes of humanitarian assistance for Gaza, by a C-130 aircraft of the Hellenic Air Force, to Amman, Jordan, for onward delivery through the Jordanian authorities. The cargo comprised medical and pharmaceutical supplies and clothing, cleaning and personal hygiene items (17 January 2025).



Ministry of Foreign Affairs Info Day on the participation of Greek enterprises in the EU "Global Gateway" Strategy, with the presentation of the "Team Greece" Group and of the possibilities for technical and financial support from the European Commission and the European Investment Bank (Athens, 28 January 2025).



Consignment of additional humanitarian assistance for Gaza by the Greek Armed Forces, in cooperation with the competent State bodies. The aid was transported by a C-27 aircraft of the Hellenic Air Force to Amman, for onward delivery by the Jordanian authorities (6 February 2025).



Participation of the Deputy Director-General for Development and Humanitarian Assistance, Ms. Eleni Nikolaidou, in a high-level panel of the 63rd Session of the UN Commission for Social Development, with emphasis on the eradication of poverty, the reduction of inequalities and decent work (New York, 10 February 2025).



Participation of the Deputy Director-General for Development and Humanitarian Assistance, Ms. Eleni Nikolaidou, in the High-Level Meeting of the OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC), on financing for sustainable development (Paris, 20 March 2025).



Presentation of Greece's international development cooperation system to students of the Department of Political Science and International Relations of the University of the Peloponnese by the Z3 Directorate for Development Cooperation Policy (7 April 2025).



Participation of the Director-General for Development and Humanitarian Assistance, Ambassador Mr. Dimitris Karamitsos-Tziras, in the informal meeting of EU Directors-General for Development Cooperation (Warsaw, 8-9 April 2025).



Conference in honour of Professor Kypros Nicolaides, Head of the "Fetal Medicine Foundation", for his contribution to fetal medicine in North Macedonia (Skopje, 19 May 2025). The Fetal Medicine Unit of the University Gynaecological Clinic of Skopje was set up in the framework of the programme implemented by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Greece in cooperation with the Foundation.



Meeting of the Directorate-General for Development and Humanitarian Assistance with a delegation of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Estonia, for the exchange of development cooperation experience and the exploration of synergies in the "Global Gateway" Strategy and in the reconstruction of Ukraine (Athens, 21 May 2025).



Rehabilitation of Al Khair Hospital in Khan Younis, Gaza, with a Greek contribution of EUR 200,000 to the World Health Organization. The first phase comprised structural repairs and the supply of essential medical equipment and materials, for the resumption of health services (December 2024 - May 2025).



Transfer to Athens of ten injured children from Gaza and their companions, for specialised medical care in Greek paediatric units, in the framework of a coordinated humanitarian mission involving the EU, the World Health Organization, the Egyptian authorities and Greek Ministries (2025).



Intervention by the Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr. Giannis Loverdos, head of the Greek delegation to the Fourth International Conference on Financing for Development, FfD4 (Seville, 30 June - 3 July 2025).

GRACIAS

República
Helénica



Por la
contribución
a WFP Cuba
para apoyar la
seguridad
alimentaria y
la nutrición



Greek contribution to the World Food Programme (WFP) for the provision of food assistance to vulnerable population groups in Cuba. The Organisation's activities include support for mothers, children and the elderly with special nutritional foods (2025).



WHO Syria

@WHOSyria · Ακολουθήστε



Thanks to @GreeceMFA for supporting health services in Syria. @WHO will use the new EUR 200,000 contribution to provide essential medicines - from trauma kits to treatments for chronic diseases - reaching those most in need.

bit.ly/3I6Ywmj



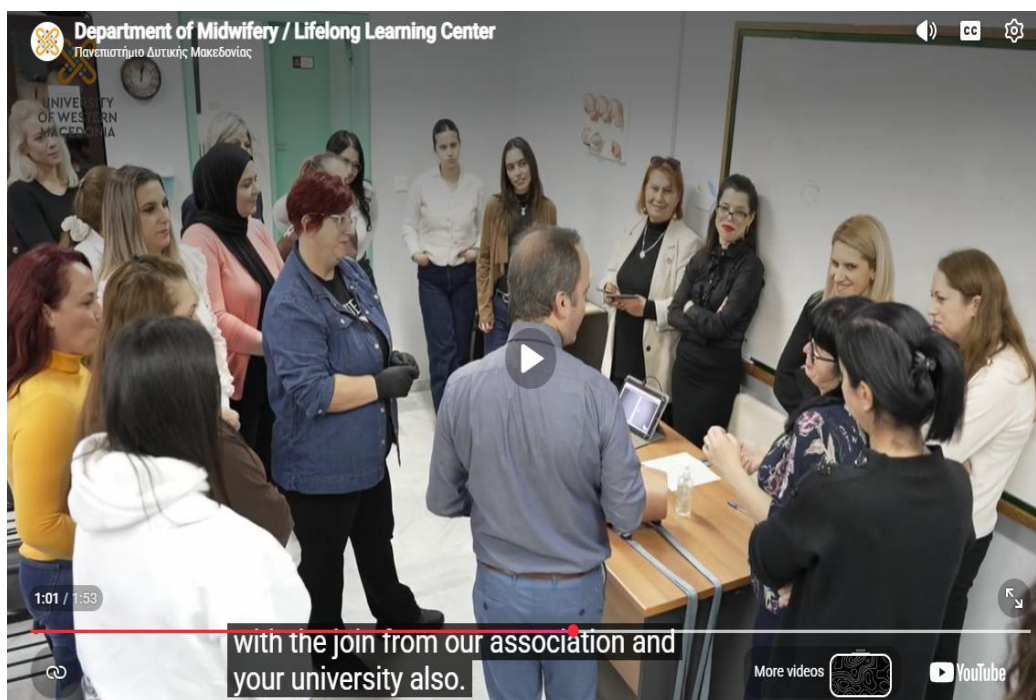
Greek contribution of EUR 200,000 to the World Health Organization to cover urgent health needs in Syria, through the supply of essential medicines and medical materials for vulnerable populations throughout the country (2025).



Departure from Odesa of a group of 40 children of Greek descent from Ukraine for hosting at the summer camp of the Municipality of Athens at Agios Andreas, Attica (12-25 August 2025), funded by the Secretariat-General for Greeks Abroad and Public Diplomacy of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs (in synergy with actions of the Directorate-General for Development and Humanitarian Assistance to support the sorely tried Ukrainian people).



Participation of Greece, jointly with Lithuania, as an examining country in the second review of Slovakia's development cooperation system by the OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC). The review highlighted good practices and recommendations for strengthening the effectiveness of Slovak development cooperation (2025).



Practical training of midwives from North Macedonia at the Simulation Laboratory of the Department of Midwifery of the University of Western Macedonia, in the framework of the programme "Advanced Clinical Skills in Labour and Childbirth". The training focused on natural childbirth and modern clinical skills, with the support of the "Fetal Medicine Foundation" and the backing of the Greek Embassy in Skopje (6-7 December 2025).



The programme's Scientific Coordinator, Associate Professor Mr. Dimitris Papoutsis, presents the contribution of the training of midwives from North Macedonia to the transfer of know-how and to the strengthening of cross-border cooperation in the field of maternal care (6-7 December 2025).