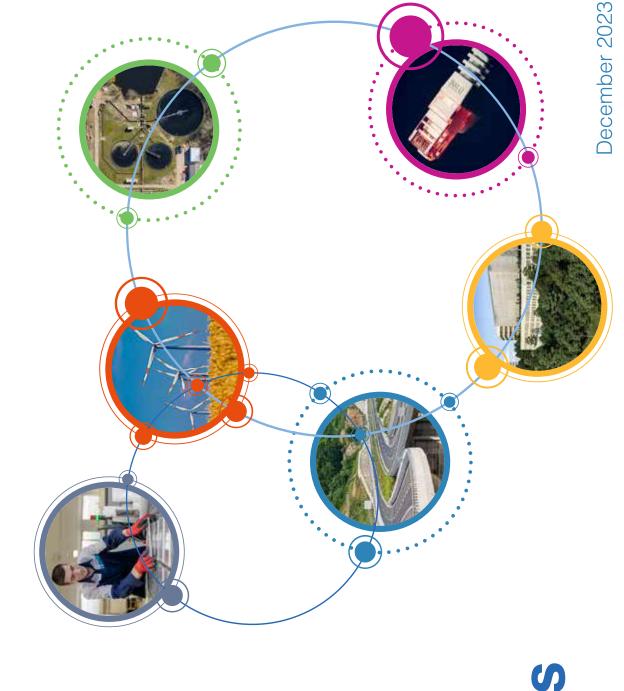


BUILDING THE EUROPEAN FUTURE TOGETHER | GUARANTEES

BLENDING

Western Balkans WBJF

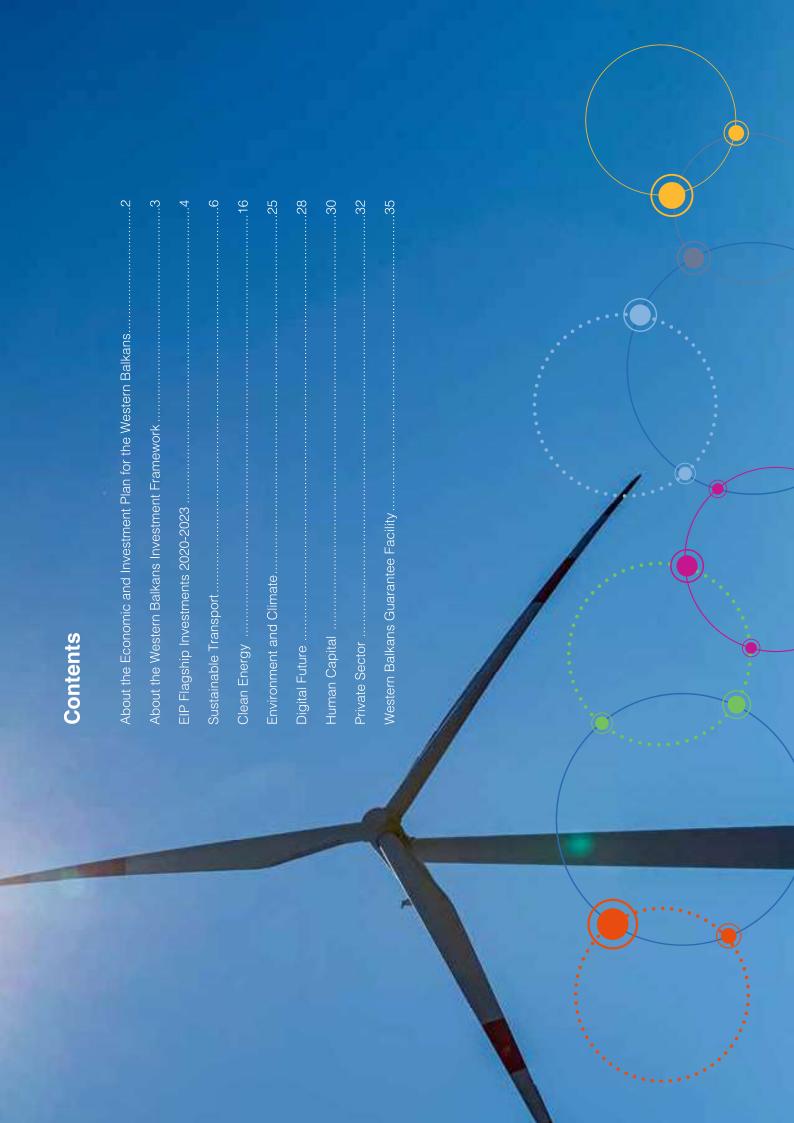


Economic and Investment Plan

Endorsed

Flagship
Investments

2020-2023







Western Balkans **Economic and** Investment Plan for the About the

The Economic and Investment Plan for the ter regional economic integration. It identifies and digital transition in the Western Balkans and bring the region closer to the EU Single 10 flagship investments to support a green package of up to £9 billion in EU funds is erm economic recovery of the region and fos-Market. Since 2020, a substantial financial clean energy, environment and climate, digital Western Balkans (EIP) aims to spur the longavailable to support sustainable transport, future, human capital and the private sector.

help reduce the cost of financing for public and private investments, while minimising risk Balkans Guarantee facility is expected to port investments and investors. Guarantees ploys other innovative financial tools to supfor investors. Support through the Western While grant funding is important, the EU demobilise investments of up to £20 billion.



Through the Energy Support Package1, the tures. These investments will accelerate the The EIP continues to be instrumental in facing ing war of aggression against Ukraine, and getary support to tackle the energy crisis, and supports longer-term investments in energy efficiency, renewable energy generation, and reinforcing energy connectivity infrastruc-European Commission provides direct buddecarbonisation of the Western Balkans, and the subsequent impact on energy markets. he socio-economic impact of Russia's ongomprove the energy security of the region.

ed through the WBIF. This brochure outlines bilised €16.6 billion in investments, including €4.5 billion in EU grants. This includes funding for 59 EIP flagship investments supportthe EIP flagship investments that have been Since the adoption of the EIP, the EU has moinanced through the WBIF since 2020.

Investment priorities

Sustainable transport





























Guarantees

Selected flagships for Energy Support Package





Framework nvestment About the Western Balkans

ordinates and harmonises investments for socio-economic development in the region. It is a joint initiative of the EU, financial organcontributing to the European perspective of work (WBIF) is a financial platform that co-The Western Balkans Investment Framesations, bilateral donors and beneficiaries, the Western Balkans. Due to its collaborative nature in line with the financial vehicle for implementing the EU's Team Europe approach, the WBIF is the main ambitious policy priorities and investment flagships of the Economic and Investment Plan for the Western Balkans.



Public sector blending²

€31.5bn nvestment

€3.7 bn

€8.3bn

everaged

awarded

Private sector support

€894m

€475.7m

under GFs

SIL GREEN FOR GROWTH FUND

€455.1m sub-loan

€3.2bn

Western Balkans Guarantee Facility⁴

Up to

€937m

guarantee coverage

Up to

echnical assistance

guarantees

Since the launch of WBIF in 2009 up to 8 December 2023 From 2013 to 2023 Since the launch of the WB Guarantee Facility in 2020 until 31 January 2023





nvestments 2020-2023 -lagship



The implementation of the EIP is a step further Digital Agendas.

> ergy, energy efficiency and power interconnectors, waste and water management, new

waterway interconnections, renewable en-

The European Union and bilateral donors

health and education facilities, digital infrastructures and private sector development. contribute €2.6 billion in grants to these

investments,

Since the adoption of the Economic and Investment Plan in October 2020, the WBIF has endorsed 59 flagship investments for €8.9 billion investments⁵ in key railway, road and

Global age. These guarantees aim to crowd-in private Furthermore, 21 guarantees will benefit from up to €937 million in EU guarantee coverinvestments in order to increase the investment

in delivering the EU Global Gateway initiative in the Western Balkans. The WBIF is investing to deliver on the political commitment help to overcome the current energy crisis and to make significant progress in regard to the Connectivity, Innovation, Green and to spur the region's economic development,

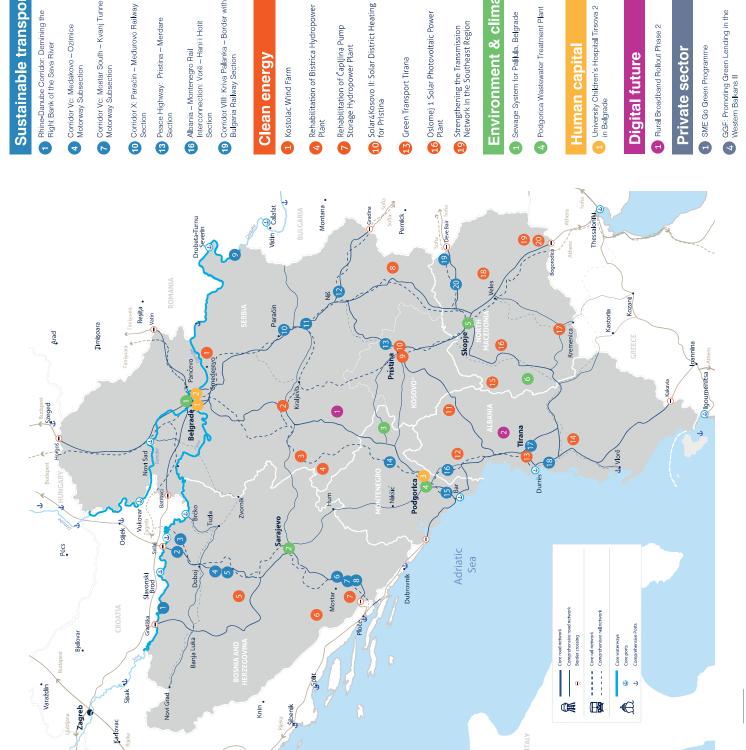


WBIF EU and bilateral donor grants

The package includes investment projects submitted by Bosnia and Herzegovina, of which two for road and rail connections along Corridor Vc are located in Republika Srpska. The European Commission will sign the contribution agreements for those two investments only after the political crisis in Bosnia and Herzegovina is solved.

capacity of the region across the European

Commission's policy priorities.



This designation is without prejudice to positions on status, and is in line with UNSCH 1244/1999 and the ICJ Opinion on the Kosovo declaration of independence

Sustainable transport

- 1 Rhine-Danube Corridor: Demining the Right Bank of the Sava River
- Corridor Vc: Medakovo Ozimice
- Corridor Vc: Mostar South Kvanj Tunnel
- Corridor X: Stalać Đunis Railway Section 10 Corridor X: Paraćin – Međurovo Railway
 - 14 Bar Vrbnica Railway Line Peace Highway: Pristina - Merdare

Section

Interconnection: Vorë - Hani i Hotit 16 Albania – Montenegro Rail Section

17 Blue Highway: Tirana Bypass

19 Corridor VIII: Kriva Palanka – Border with Bulgaria Railway Section

Clean energy

- 2 Corridor Vc: Johovac Vukosavlje Motorway Section 5 Corridor Vc. Ozimice – Poprikuše Motorway Subsection
- 8 Corridor Vc: Kvanj Tunnel Buna Motorway Subsection

6 Corridor Vc: Mostar North – Mostar South Motorway Subsection

Section Samac – Rječica Railway

Sunken WWII German Vessels from the Danube, Prahovo Sector

12 Corridor Xc: Niš Rail Bypass

Bhine-Danube Corridor: Removal of

- 15 Bar Vrbnica Railway Line, Bar Golubovci Section
- (18) Corridor VIII: Durrës Brogozhinë Railway Section
- 21 Safe and Sustainable Transport Programme
 - 20 Corridor VIII: Cut-Slopes Stabilisation on Kriva Palanka Stracin Express Road Section
- Trans-Balkan Electricity Corridor: Serbia Montenegro Bosnia and Herzegovina 400kV Interconnection

Advanced System for Remote Meter Reading

5 Vlašić Wind Power Plant

Rehabilitation of Čapljina Pump Storage Hydropower Plant

- 6 Poklečani Wind Farm
- 9 Solar4Kosovo: Photovoltaic Power Plant
 - 8 Reconstruction of Vlasina Hydropower Plant
- (1) Vau i Dejës Floating Solar Photovoltaic Power Plant

n Rehabilitation of Fierza Hydropower Plant

- 15 Rehabilitation of Six Hydropower Plants Phase 3
 - Energy Efficiency Investments in

Oslomej 2 and Bitola Solar Photovoltaic

20 Bogdanci Wind Park Phase 2

Strengthening the Transmission Network in the Southeast Region

Belshi Solar Photovoltaic Power Plant

- Healthcare Buildings **(4)**
- Regional Energy Efficiency Programme (REEP)
- Wastewater and Water Supply Systems for Kolašin, Rožaje and Mojkovac

5 Skopje Wastewater Treatment Plant

2 Sarajevo Water Project

Environment & climate

- Regional Waste Management System for Polog, Pelagonija, Vardar, Southwest and Southeast Regions 9
- Education Infrastructure Improvement in Montenegro 2 Improving Energy Efficiency and Integrated Energy Management at Technical Faculties Campus in Belgrade

University Children's Hospital Tirsova 2 in Belgrade

Human capita

2 Smart Labs - Network of ICT Laboratories for Pre-University Education System

1 Rural Broadband Rollout Phase 2

Digital future

Private sector

- 3 Green Finance for Inclusion 2 Western Balkans Climate Programme

- 6 Go Digital in the Western Balkans

5 Sustainable Access to Finance for Entrepreneurship





Sustainable **Transport**



The Western Balkans economies have set interconnectivity with the Trans-European Transport Network (EU TEN-T Core Network), implementation of EU technical standards and reforms, as well as the promotion of multimodal transport solutions as strategic priorities for their transport sector.

Investments in sustainable transport modes are considered crucial for stimulating regional trade, reducing pollution and delivering sustainable economic growth.



Flagship investments 2020-2023

/ flagships endorsed

€1.8bn WBIF EU grants €2.9bn
IFI loans
€5.2

estimated investment

Priorities

Flagship 1
Connecting
East to West

Flagship 2
Connecting
North to South

Flagship 3
Connecting
the coastal
regions



Sustainable transport



-lagship 1 - Connecting East to West

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Demining the Right Bank of Rhine-Danube Corridor: the Sava River

€8.3m €30m	€0.6m	€38,9m	2027
WBIF EU grant WB loan	WB grant	Estimated investment	Expected completion

are part of the Sava and Drina River Corridors Integrated Development Programme, which aims Europe, One branch connects Germany to the Its extension into the Western Balkans is via the of 40 km on the right bank of the River Sava in and navigability requirements. The investments The Rhine-Danube Corridor provides the main Black Sea; a second branch leads to Ukraine. Sava River. This project involves the demining at strengthening integrated river basin manageeast-west navigation link across Continental Bosnia and Herzegovina, to comply with safety ment and development through connectivity, lood protection and landscape management.



Flagship 1 • Connecting East to West

Pristina – Merdare Section Peace Highway:

€78,9m	€58m	€7.5m	€207,7m
€5 4m	€57 9m		2026
WBIF EU grant	EBRD loan (est.)	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment Expected completion

Balkans, This investment project will rehabilitate long section of the highway in Kosovo, from Pris-Merdare, An indicative extension of the TEN-T Orient/East-Med corridor, this strategic connection is he Niš - Merdare - Pristina route carries signifiand upgrade to motorway standards the 27 kmtina to the administrative border with Serbia at cant freight and passenger traffic in the Western the shortest route from the Port of Durrës (Albania) on the Adriatic coast to south-eastern and central Europe, as well as to countries around the Medi-The 'Peace Highway' is the name given to the secion of motorway running from Serbia to Kosovo, erranean and Black Seas.



Flagship 1 - Connecting East to West

North Macedonia - Bulgaria Rail Interconnection: Kriva Palanka – Border with **Bulgaria Section**

€154.5m	€64.5m	€175m	€175m	€4.2m	€573.2m	2029
WBIF EU grant	Previous EU grant	EIB loan (est.)	EBRD loan (est.)	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion

Kumanovo to the border with Bulgaria, is part of the indicative extension of the TEN-T Core Netoroject will construct 23.4 km of railroad, the last trification systems on the entire railway line. The significantly decrease the travel time from Sko-The eastern segment of Rail Corridor VIII, from work to the Western Balkans. This investment investments will create more than 200 new jobs, pje to Sofia, and increase the annual freight volume. This will allow for modal shift, reducing air economies in the region and with the EU.





-lagship 1 - Connecting East to West

Dimitrovgrad Railway Line, Interconnection: Niš – Serbia – Bulgaria Rail Niš Bypass

€35,6m	€78.3m	€134m	€30.6m	€278,5m	2026
WBIF EU grant	Previous EU grant	EIB loan	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion

of the Orient/East-Med Corridor, which connects Central Europe and the Western Balkans with the This investment project will construct a 22 kmand Dimitrovgrad on the Bulgarian border, which includes rehabilitation, electrification, signalling maritime interfaces of the North, Baltic, Black and ong rail bypass at Niš. The investments are part and telecommunication systems. This line is part of the indicative extension of Rail Corridor Xc, part Mediterranean Seas.



Flagship 1 Connecting East to West

Corridor X: Belgrade – Niš Railway Line, Stalać – **Bunis Section**

€82 <u>.</u> 8m	€1.6m	€62.2m	€60m	€72.4m	€279m	2028
WBIF EU grant	Previous EU grant	EIB loan	EBRD loan	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion

Austria and Thessaloniki in Greece, is one of the major pan-European transport networks. It acfrom Stalać to Dunis on the line between Belgrade boost its potential for increasing transit revenues Rail Corridor X, running between Salzburg in counts for 872 km of track in Serbia, making up with Greece). This investment concerns the construction of a 17.7 km long double-track section and becoming a more competitive investment Bulgaria and North Macedonia (and further south and Niš. With a robust railway network, Serbia will approximately 23% of the entire railway network It connects the country with Croatia, Hungary destination, alongside reducing pollution.



Flagship 1 Connecting East to West

German Vessels from the Removal of Sunken WWII Danube, Prahovo Sector Rhine-Danube Corridor:

€16,4m	€13,3m	€29.7m	2029	
WBIF EU grant	EIB loan	Estimated investment	Expected completion	

km). However the fairway narrows significantly at at the end of World War II. Through this investment, 21 shipwrecks will be removed from the Danube, eliminating the current 5 km-long traffic The Danube is navigable throughout Serbia (588 the Djerdap gorge, downstream from the Port of bottleneck. This will facilitate the shift from road enhance connectivity both in the region and with Prahovo, due to the presence of shipwrecks sunk to waterway transport, support economic growth



-lagship 1 · Connecting East to West

Serbia

Corridor X: Belgrade – Niš Railway Line, Paraćin – Međurovo Section

€174,6m	€6.3m	€188,3m	€76.9m	€29.5m	€475.6m	2028
WBIF EU grant	Previous EU grant	EIB loan	EBRD loan	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion

This investment project will construct a 48.3 km long double-track section, on the line from Belgrade to Niš. It will also upgrade electrification, signalling and telecommunication systems. These investments will enable a high-speed connection of up to 200 km/h between the two cities, with a faster flow of passengers and freight. This is the second endorsement made by the EU for the pan-European Corridor X in Serbia under the EIP, to ensure rapid integration with the EU railway network.



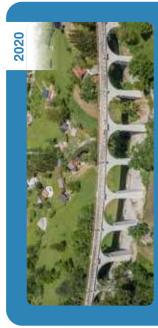
Flagship 2 · Connecting North to South

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Corridor Vc: Šamac – Doboj – Rječica Railway Section

€86m	€2m	€37 . 4m	€40m	€165.4m	2027
WBIF EU grant	Previous EU grant	EBRD loan (est.)	EIB loan (est.)	Estimated investment	Expected completion

This investment project will rehabilitate 80 km of railway line from the town of Šamac to the town of Rječica. This line is part of Rail Corridor Vc, and the indicative extension of the pan-European Mediterranean Corridor to the Western Balkans. The investments covered by this project contribute to the creation of a functional railway route along this Corridor and, thus, to the progressive integration into the EU transport market, as well as to opening new opportunities for integrated and sustainable economic and social growth in the region.



Flagship 2 · Connecting North to South

Montenegro

Montenegro – Serbia Rail Interconnection: Bar – Vrbnica Section

€20.5m	€2,5m	€18m	€41m	2027	
WBIF EU grant	Previous EU grant	EIB loan (est.)	Estimated investment	Expected completion	

Bar – Vrbnica is the most important railway line of the Montenegrin network, carrying about 20% of rail passengers and 60% of rail cargo. This investment will rehabilitate 10 steel bridges and 8 tunnels on the northern section of the line. To date, the EU has allocated €71 million for urgent rehabilitation works, signalling and telecommunication systems as well as technical assistance for this line through the WBIF. This project is part of the indicative extension of the TEN-T Core Network to the Western Balkans, along approximately 580 km from Vršac (Serbia/Romania border) to Belgrade (Serbia) and then to Podgorica and Bar (Montenegro).

EIP Flagship investments 2020-2023







Flagship 3. Connecting the coastal regions

Albania

Interconnection: Vorë - Hani Albania – Montenegro Rail i Hotit Section

WBIF EU grant	€138m
Previous EU grant	€4 . 5m
EBRD loan (est.)	€62.9m
EIB loan (est.)	€62.9m
Beneficiary contribution	€3.3m
Estimated investment	€271.6m
Expected completion	2029

line is part of the planned extension of the Trans-Euimprove market access and substantially increase international freight and passenger traffic towards This investment project will rehabilitate 120 km of signalling systems and safety improvements, from ropean Transport Core Network to the Western Balkans. It is Albania's international railway link to regional and EU railway networks. The new line will allow increased speeds of up to 120 km/h. It will railway line and 12 train stations, including new Vorë to the border with Montenegro. This railway corts, terminals, capitals and airports by rail.



Flagship 3. Connecting the coastal regions

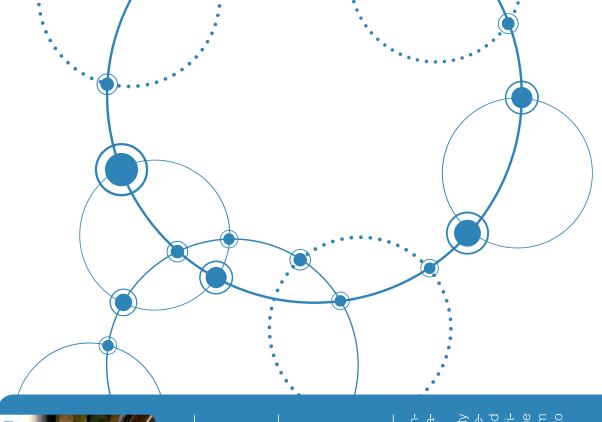
Albania

Blue Highway: Tirana Bypass

€69 <u>.</u> 2m	€2,7m	€111.6m	€9.9m	€193,4m	2027
WBIF EU grant	Previous EU grant	EBRD loan (est.)	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion

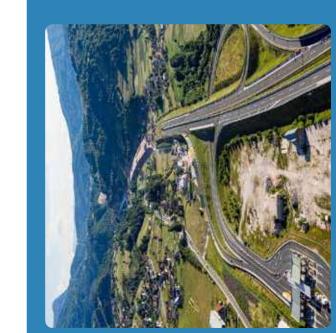
This investment project will construct a 21.5 kmlong bypass at Tirana, which will connect the Tirana - Durrës and Tirana - Elbasan motorways.

The bypass will redirect traffic away from the city grated into the regional and European core road networks. The Tirana bypass is part of the Adriatic-lonian Highway, also referred to as the Blue Highway, which will create a seamless route from Trieste in Italy to Greece, while branching out to and create a more efficient transport system, inte-Slovenia, Croatia, Montenegro, and Albania.





Economic and Investment Plan Endorsed Flagship Investments 2020-2023



Flagship 2 · Connecting North to South

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Road Corridor Vc

ty, reduce travel times and create more opportunihas embarked on an ambitious multi-billion euro modern transport standards, will improve road safethrough Bosnia and Herzegovina to Croatia and the dor lies in Bosnia and Herzegovina, and the country motorway construction programme. The motorway network, which is being built in accordance with transit road between the countries of the region linking the Western Balkans to the pan-European Med-Iterranean transport corridor. It runs from Hungary, Adriatic Sea. The longest section of the road corrities for trade flows within the region and with the EU.

Johovac - Vukosavlje **Motorway Section**

	€186.1m	€0.5m	€250.2m	€33.5m	€470.3m	2028	
•	WBIF EU grant	Previous EU grant	EIB Ioan (est.)	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion	

his investment project will construct 36 km of motorway on Corridor Vc, from the interchange at Johovac to the interchange at Vukosavlje.

Motorway Subsection Medakovo – Ozimice

ant €81.8m	€180m	ontribution €121.6m	vestment €383.4m	mpletion 2026
WBIF EU grant	EIB loan	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion

This investment project will construct 21.7 km of motorway on Corridor Vc, from the village of Medakovo to the town of Ozimice.

Mostar South – Kvanj Tunnel **Motorway Subsection**

2021

2021

€31.4m €40.2m	€9.9m	€81.5m	2027
WBIF EU grant EBRD loan	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion

This investment project will construct 9.2 km of motorway on Corridor Vc, from the Mostar South interchange to the entrance to the Kvanj Tunnel.

Motorway Subsection Kvanj Tunnel – Buna

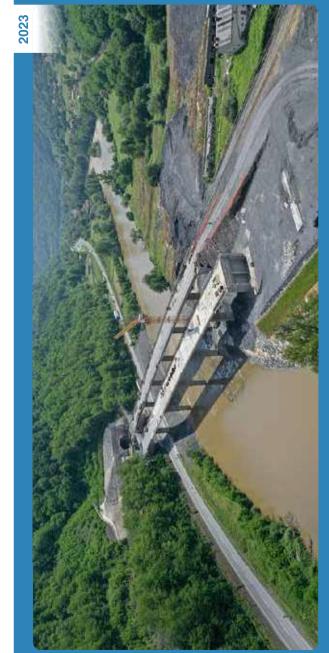
2021

2020 & 2021

This investment project will construct 5.2 km of motorway, including a 2.6 km-long twin tunnel, on Corridor Vc, from the entrance of the Kvanj Tunnel to the village of Buna.







Flagship 2

Connecting North to South

Motorway Subsection Ozimice - Poprikuše

WBIF EU grant	€141 <u>.</u> 4
EIB loan	€197,9
Beneficiary contribution	€15m
Estimated investment	€354,3
Expected completion	2026

motorway on Corridor Vc, from Ozimice to Poprikuše, including 5 tunnels and 9 bridges.

Road Corridor Vc Bosnia and Herzegovina

Mostar North - Mostar South **Motorway Section**

€155.9m	€110m	est.) €110.1m	€7m	€383m	2027
WBIF EU grant	EBRD loan (est.)	Commercial banks loan (est.)	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion

This investment concerns the construction of 14.2 km of motorway on Corridor Vc, starting before the Mostar North interchange and ending after the Mostar South interchange.



Flagship 1 • Connecting East to West

Road A2, Kriva Palanka – **Corridor VIII: Cut-Slopes** Stabilisation on Express Stracin Section

€14m	€20 . 2m	€2.5m	€36.7m	2024	
WBIF EU grant	VB loan	Seneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion	

this investment, a 23 km express road from Kriva Palanka to Stracin will be constructed, which is ly, and create opportunities for socioeconomic Albania's Adriatic port of Durrës to Bulgaria's cial component for the country's connectivity and trade within the region and with the EU. Under Black Sea port of Varna via North Macedonia, Road Corridor VIII in North Macedonia is a cruthe last remaining section towards the border with strengthen mobility and trade, improve road safedecrease travel time between Skopje and Sofia Bulgaria. The new express road will significantly development in the country and the region.





Flagship 1 · Connecting East to West

Albania

Corridor VIII: Durrës – Rrogozhinë Railway Section

€62.6m	€2,4m	€55,4m	€0.1m	€120,5m	2028
WBIF EU grant	Previous EU grant	EIB loan (est.)	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion

This investment project will reconstruct 33.5 km of railway line, including electrification, signalling and telecommunication systems, from Durrës to Brogozhinë on the Pan-European Corridor VIII, which links southern Italy to the Black Sea in Bulgaria via Albania and North Macedonia. It is part of a broader plan to revitalise the railway sector in Albania. Aligned with EU standards, this project will enable faster journeys, reduce operation and maintenance costs, improve safety, and facilitate the shift of freight and passenger transport from road to rail, fostering regional connectivity.



Flagship 2. Connecting North to South

Montenegro

Montenegro – Serbia Rail Interconnection: Bar – Golubovci Section

WBIF EU grant	€116,5m
Previous EU grant	€3.9m
EIB loan (est.)	€52,9m
EBRD loan (est.)	€52 <u>.</u> 9m
Beneficiary contribution	€0.3m
Estimated investment	€226.5m
Expected completion	2029

This investment project will rehabilitate and upgrade the section between Bar and Golubovci of the Bar – Vrbnica railway line, which is the most important line in Montenegro and is part of the indicative extension of the TEN-T Core Network to the Western Balkans. It will bring 39.6 km of railway line to TEN-T standards, including electrification, signalling and telecommunication systems. This is the second endorsement made by the EU under the EIP for the Bar – Vrbnica railway line to fast-track the country's railway system integration with the regional and EU railway networks.







Programme Sustainable **Transport** Safe and (SSTP)



public partners and the private sector. The he Western Balkans can benefit from technical assistance and knowledge, moving forward with the green and digital transition in he Western Balkans Trade and Transport Facilitation Project and Serbia Railway Modernisation Project, SSTP collaborates with programme facilitates the region's long-term Western Balkans residents. With the SSTP, recovery, the greening of transport, economc integration, and improved quality of life for

funded by the EU and World Bank, supports

being major greenhouse gas emitters. SSTP

nitiatives like road safety improvements, al-

ernative fuel infrastructure, and intelligent ransport systems. It targets reduced travel

quences, with energy and transport sectors

The region faces climate change conse-

kans, aligned with the EU's Green Agenda

Using existing World Bank projects, such as

WBIF EU grant €80m

The Safe and Sustainable Transport Programme (SSTP) aims to enhance transport

safety and sustainability in the Western Bal-

€413m

WB loan

€1.8m WB grant _e494.8_m

proved market access, increased trade, job

creation, and socio-economic convergence

limes, enhanced safety, lower pollution, im-

2028

expected completion





Clean **Energy**

The transition to sustainable and clean energy is key for the region's future. A strong emphasis is placed on integrating energy markets, smart grids and increased digitalisation of the system, energy efficiency, including modernisation of district heating, energy security and ensuring a just transition.

Decarbonisation is a key pillar of the Economic Investment Plan in line with the aims of the Green Agenda for the Western Balkans. The increased use of renewable energy sources is supported, in line with the region's climate change adaptation plans.

The European Commission, in 2022, put forward a £1 billion EU Energy Support Package for the Western Balkans to address immediate and medium-longer term consequences of the energy crisis in the region.





7

flagships endorsed

€386.7m

WBIF EU and bilateral donor grants

€1.2bn IFI loans **£ 1 Obn** estimated investment



Priorities

Flagship 4

Renewable energy

Flagship 5

Transition from coal

Flagship 6

Renovation wave



Flagship 4 • Renewable energy

Ibania

Vau i Dejës Floating Solar Photovoltaic Power Plant

€2 <u>.</u> 7m	€7.5m	€1.9m	€12.1m	2025
WBIF bilateral donor grant	EBRD loan	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion

This investment project will install a 12.9 MW floating solar photovoltaic power plant at Vau i Dejës, a reservoir that hosts one of the largest hydropower plants in Albania. This will be the first medium-sized hybrid floating solar and hydropower plant and the first application of purefloat technology in the Western Balkans. The investments are expected to have a significant demonstration effect and be easily replicated on other reservoirs in Albania and the wider region. The plant is expected to produce over 18 GWh of electricity and displace 8,700 tonnes of CO2



Flagship 4 · Renewable energy

Albania

Rehabilitation of Fierza Hydropower Plant

€8.7m	€40m	€48.7m	2029
WBIF EU grant	KfW loan	Estimated investment	Expected completion

Albania is a net importer of electricity, and domestic generation is almost entirely dependent on hydropower. This investment will rehabilitate the electro-mechanical components and supporting network of the Fierza hydropower plant, the country's second largest facility. It will extend its operation lifespan by at least 30 years and increase output by 10%. The plant has an installed capacity of 500 MW and an average annual electricity production of 1,328 GWh.



Flagship 4 · Renewable energy

Kosovo

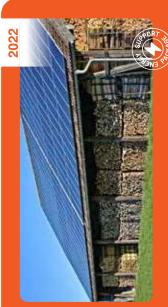
Solar4Kosovo - Photovoltaic Plant

€32.8m	€29m	€32.7m	€10m	€104.5m	2027	
WBIF EU grant	KfW loan (est.)	EIB loan (est.)	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion	

The electricity sector in Kosovo is almost entirely dependent on coal-fired power plants (97%). This investment project will install a solar photovoltaic plant of up to 100 MW capacity on former ash dump fields near 'Kosovo A' thermal power plant. This will be the first large-scale solar photovoltaic plant in Kosovo and will increase installed capacities tenfold from 10.1 MW to 110.1 MW. As a result, the share of solar power in the energy mix of Kosovo will increase from 0.2% to 2.3%. The plant is expected to produce around 152 GWh of electricity and save152,000 tonnes of CO2 annually.







Flagship 4 · Renewable energy

00000

Solar4Kosovo II – Solar District Heating for Pristina

€22 <mark>.</mark> 3m	€31.6m	€23,2m	on €4.4m	t €81,5m	2028
WBIF EU grant	KfW grant	EBRD loan	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion

The heating sector in Kosovo consumes more energy than any other segment of the energy sector. The heat supply in Pristina is particularly inefficient, CO2-intensive and predominantly covered by two coal-fired power plants. The district heating system, however, meets only around 25% of the demand. This investment project will introduce solar energy into the district heating sector in Kosovo. The facility will have a capacity of 50 MW including storage. Up to 38,000 residents will directly benefit from being connected to Pristina's district heating system as part of the persons of the expansion measures.



ship 4 · Renewable energy

North Macedonia

Rehabilitation of Six Hydropower Plants Phase 3

€11.1m	€25m	€0.2m	€36.3m	2026
WBIF EU grant	KfW loan	KfW grant	Estimated investment	Expected completion

North Macedonia's domestic production of electricity decreased by more than 25% over the last ten years, despite moderate investments in maintenance and upgrades. The country has an installed hydropower capacity of 1,500 GWh, accounting for 20% to 30% of the total domestic power generation. This investment project concerns the third phase of the rehabilitation of 6 large hydropower plants with an overall installed capacity of 439 MW. They are organised into three hydropower systems - Mavrovo, Crn Drim and Tikves. The investments will extend the lifetime of the plants, increase their generation capacity by 13.5 MW, and displace 38,000 tonnes of CO₂ annually.



Flagship 4 · Renewable energy

orth Macedonia

Bogdanci Wind Park Phase 2

€9.2m	€18m	€0.2m	€2.9m	€30,3m	2025	
BIF EU grant	W Ioan	W grant	eneficiary contribution	stimated investment	spected completion	

North Macedonia aims to decarbonise the energy sector by gradually phasing out fossil fuels and increasing the share of renewable energy sources in the energy mix. Phase 1 of this pilot project, with a 36.8 MW installed capacity, was successfully developed with WBIF technical assistance and produced 103 GWh or 1.95% of the country's total electricity generation in 2021. This further investment will increase the capacity of the wind park by up to 15 MW, which is expected to produce 46 GWh of electricity annually, equivalent to the energy demand of around 6,000 households. In total, over 22,000 households will be supplied with more reliable and sustainable electricity.



Flagship 4 · Renewable energy

lorth Macedonia

Oslomej 1 Solar Photovoltaic Power Plant

€1.6m	€5.9m	€1.4m	€8 . 9m	2022
WBIF bilateral donor grant	EBRD loan	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Completion

The energy sector of North Macedonia relies predominantly on fossil fuels and hydropower and is dependent on electricity imports. This investment project has installed a 10 MW solar power plant on the site of an exhausted coal mine in Oslomej. The plant is expected to produce nearly 15 GWh of electricity, equivalent to the energy demand of 2,800 households, and displace 12,177 tonnes of CO2 annually. The Oslomej 1 photovoltaic power plant is part of the country's effort to clean up the site, diversify energy sources and support decarbonisation.



gship 4 • Renewable energy

lorth Macedonia

Oslomej 2 and Bitola Photovoltaic Power Plants

€5.1m	€19 . 8m	€0.7m	€25.6m	2025
WBIF EU grant	EBRD loan	Seneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion

This investment project will install two solar power plants with a combined capacity of 30 MW on the site of the exhausted coal mine in Oslomej (an extension of Oslomej I) and adjacent to the coal-fired thermal power plant in Bitola. The plants are expected to produce 50 GWh of electricity, equivalent to the energy demand of 8,500 households, and displace 34,000 tonnes of CO₂ annually. The project will directly address the inequality implications of the green energy transition and define reemployment and reskilling opportunities in the wider regional labour market to retrain the local workforce.



lagship 4 • Renewable energy

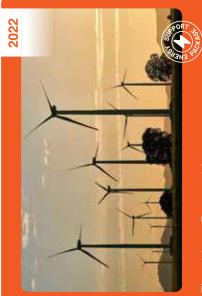
erbia

Reconstruction of Vlasina Hydropower Plant

WBIF EU grant	€16m
EBRD loan (est.)	€61.6m
Beneficiary contribution	€0.2m
Estimated investment	€77 . 8m
Expected completion	2028

Serbia produces 62% of the country's electricity from low-quality lignite and nearly 30% from hydropower, with a small percentage coming from wind and solar. The Vlasina hydropower system was constructed in two stages, 1946-58 and 1972-77, with an installed capacity of 128 MW, but with age and wear and tear the output is currently only 60-80 MW. This project will replace all generation units, electromechanical and hydromechanical systems and control equipment. These investments will ensure a reliable and safe operation of the cascade over the next 30 years, with an output of 136 MW, significantly improving the stability of the electricity system. The plants are expected to produce 309 GWh annually, equivalent to the energy demand of 93,000





Flagship 4 · Renewable energy

erbia

Kostolac Wind Farm

This project will install a 66 MW wind farm in Kostolac, in eastern Serbia, on the site of depleted open-cast mines. The plant is expected to produce 187 GWh of electricity, equivalent to the energy demand of 45,000 households, and displace 174,000 tonnes of CO₂ annually. The investments are part of the country's effort to diversify the energy mix, increase renewable electricity generation, reduce dependence on fossil fuels, support decarbonisation, and clean up and reuse the site of the exhausted coal mine.



Flagship 5 • Transition from coal

serbi*a*

Trans-Balkan Electricity Corridor: Serbia – Montenegro – Bosnia and Herzegovina 400 kV Interconnection

€8.8m	€2.1m	€27.8m	€2.4m	€41.1m	2027
WBIF EU grant	Previous EU grant	KfW loan	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion

This investment project will construct 84 km of double-circuit 400 kV overhead transmission line from Bajina Bašta to the Bosnia and Herzegovina and Montenegro borders. It will help develop a functional regional market and establish a Trans-Balkan Power Corridor that will connect the electricity transmission systems of Serbia, Montenegro and Bosnia and Herzegovina to those of Croatia, Hungary, Romania and Italy.



Flagship 5 · Transition from coal

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Advanced System for Remote Meter Reading

WBIF EU grant	#I.8.∃
EBRD loan	€40m
EBRD grant	€0.1m
Estimated investment	€48 <u>.</u> 2m
Expected completion	2026

This investment project supports the introduction of smart metres in the electricity distribution system in Serbia. It covers the first phase of their deployment in Kraljevo, Čačak and Niš. The rollout of smart metering will significantly contribute to the ongoing grid modernisation programme, which aims to develop smart grids, reduce technical and commercial losses, and integrate renewable generation sources into the system.







Flagship 4 · Renewable energy

Ibania

Green Transport Tirana

€32,1m	€50m	€29.2m	€111.3m	2029
WBIF EU grant	KfW loan (est.)	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion

The Green Transport project will create Tirana's first electric bus rapid transport system (e-BRT) to combat high levels of air pollution and traffic congestion. The e-BRT will complement the existing network of buses, redesigned to be in tune with the new system. The e-BRT system will rely on electric-battery buses with a smart charging strategy. The Metropolitan Area of Tirana already has almost 900,000 inhabitants and is growing. The project aims to improve the quality of air in Tirana. CO2 emissions are expected to be



Flagship 4 · Renewable energy

osnia and Herzegovina

Rehabilitation of Čapljina Pump Storage Hydropower Plant

€3.1m	€15m	€0.8m	€18.9m	2026	
WBIF EU grant	KfW loan	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion	

The Pump Storage Hydro Power Plant (PSHPP) Čapljina plays a vital role in Bosnia and Herzegovina's energy sector. With nearly 70% of electricity production relying on coal-fired plants, rehabilitating PSHPP Čapljina is essential for increasing the share of renewable energy sources and reducing carbon emissions. The plant has been in operation since 1979 and generates climate-friendly electricity, improving energy security by balancing the grid. The project's objective is to rehabilitate PSHPP Čapljina's equipment, ensuring generation and pumping potential for another 15 years of operation, while reducing CO₂ emissions and improving air quality.



Flagship 4 · Renewable energy

ərbia

Rehabilitation of Bistrica Hydropower Plant

€7.7m	€32.8m	€0.4m	€40.9m	2028
WBIF EU grant	EIB Ioan (est.)	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion

Following Serbia's commitment to align its regulations with EU environmental legislation, the hydroelectric power plant HPP Bistrica, operational since 1960, will be rehabilitated. The project aims to modernise the plant and increase its efficiency, boosting its annual power generation to 350 GWh. Besides enhancing energy efficiency and reducing greenhouse gas emissions, this strategic project also contributes to Serbia's adherence to international agreements such as the Kyoto Protocol and the Paris Agreement. The upgraded HPP Bistrica would back up wind and solar power plants, enabling the integration of more renewable energy into Serbia's grid. Ultimately, this project aligns with Serbia's broader energy strategy to achieve a 49.6% share of renewable energy sources by 2040.



-lagship 5 · Transition from coal

Jorth Macedonia

Strengthening the Transmission Network in the Southeast Region

€8m	€1.2m	€24.8m	€0.7m	€34.7m	2027
WBIF EU grant	Previous EU grant	EBRD loan (est.)	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion

North Macedonia's transmission network is being strengthened to integrate renewable energy sources. A feasibility study and an Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA), financed through WBIF, have been completed. This project includes the construction of a substation, new connections, reconstructing overhead lines, and installing transmission lines and transformers. It will supply an additional 1,170 MW of renewable energy to the transmission network. It also aims to increase security of supply, reduce CO2 emissions, attract foreign investments and contribute to North Macedonia's goal of achieving a 66% share of renewable energy production by 2030 and 80% by 2040.



adship 6 - Renovation wave

lorth Macedonia

Public Sector Energy Efficiency Project

€2.2m	€25m	€0.3m	€27.5m	2025
WBIF bilateral donor grant	WB loan	WB grant	Estimated investment	Expected completion

The Public Sector Energy Efficiency Project (PSEEP) in North Macedonia addresses the country's reliance on inefficient coal-fired generation and high energy consumption. It focuses on energy efficiency in public buildings, aiming to achieve savings, reduce CO₂ emissions, and establish an Energy Efficiency Fund. Sub-loans and grants are provided to municipalities for cost-effective renovations, benefitting around 100,000 direct beneficiaries, including vulnerable groups. By improving energy efficiency in healthcare facilities, municipal buildings, and public lighting, the project aims to reduce emissions, enhance comfort, and lower energy bills.



agship 4 • Renewable energy

Albania

Belshi Solar Photovoltaic Power Plant

WBIF EU grant	€9.6m
EBRD loan (est.)	€30m
Beneficiary contribution	€2.2m
Estimated investment	€41.8n
Expected completion	2026

Albania has set clear targets for increasing its non-hydro generation capacity from renewable sources with the aim to diversify the energy mix and reduce the country's vulnerability to hydropower shortages due to climate change. This investment project will install a 50 MW ground-mounted solar photovoltaic power plant in the Belsh area. The plant is expected to produce 79 GWh/year of electricity, equivalent to the energy demand of 16,100 households, and displace over 50,000 tonnes of CO2 annually. Beyond enhancing energy security and reducing electricity imports, the project accelerates the country's transition to a low-carbon economy and fosters sustainable development.





Flagship 4 · Renewable energy

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Poklečani Wind Farm

More than half of Bosnia and Herzegovina's electricity generation capacity is made up of hydropower, while the remainder comes from lignite power plants (47.6% of the total installed generation capacity) and wind farms. This investment project will develop a 132 MW wind farm in the West Herzegovina Canton, contributing to the country's renewable energy goals and reducing reliance on coal. The wind farm is expected to produce 436 GWh/year of electricity, equivalent to the energy demand of 72,700 households, and displace 446,900 tonnes of CO2 annually.



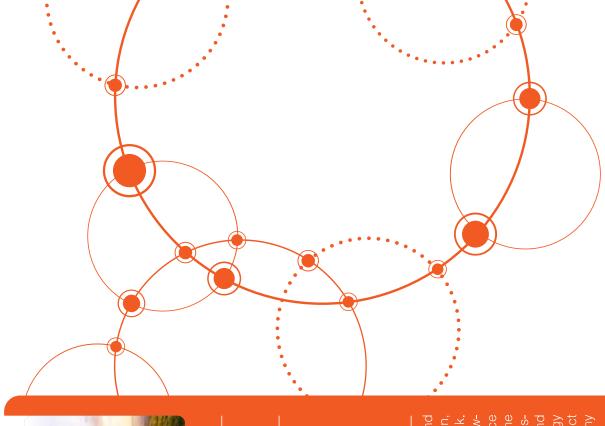


Bosnia and Herzegovina

Vlašić Wind Power Plant

WBIF EU grant	€20.9m
KfW loan (est.)	€16.5m
EIB Ioan (est.)	€36m
Beneficiary contribution	€16.7m
KfW/EIB grant	€0.8m
Estimated investment	€90.9m
Expected completion	2028

This investment project will install a 50 MW wind farm on the high plateau of the Vlašic mountain, about 15 km north-west of the town of Travnik. Aligned with the national strategies for renewable energy, the plant is expected to produce 112 GWh/year of electricity, equivalent to the energy demand of 20,000 households, and displace 140,000 tonnes of CO2 annually. Beyond contributing to the country's renewable energy goals and reducing reliance on coal, this project supports the transition to a low-carbon economy and fosters sustainable development.







Programme Efficiency Regional Energy

The building sector accounts for over 40% of kans. Renovating public and private buildings total energy consumption in the Western Balmake a significant contribution to energy savings, reduce greenhouse gas emissions and to meet energy performance standards can improve living standards.

renewable energy investments in the public The Regional Energy Efficiency Programme **REEP)** was established in 2013, by the EBRD jointly with the European Commission, the Energy Community Secretariat, WBIF and bilateral donors. The programme blends policy support with loans, technical assistance and incentives to support energy efficiency and and private sectors in the Western Balkans.



gramme, which operates both directly and through intermediaries and is a key instrument for the implementation of the Economic The EBRD and the KfW implement the proand Investment Plan.

emissions avoided, and 121 MW renewable Since its inception, the integrated package offered through REEP has reached 1,000 SMEs, 16,000 households and 399 public Related investments translate into 964,000 WWh/year energy saved, 540,000 tCO2/year buildings across over 700 cities and towns. energy capacity installed.



Programme

Up to end 2021

€630m

total investment mobilised

€80m

EU grant contribution

2022 replenishment:

€102m

additional EU grant funding

€540m





Environment and Climate

The European Green Deal is underpinned by policies designed to develop resource-efficient and competitive economies where growth is decoupled from resource use, and where climate neutrality is pursued. The Green Deal can only be fully effective if the EU's immediate neighbours also take action at an early stage. This is all the more valid for the Western Balkans given their European perspective.

The Green Agenda for the Western Balkans is therefore embedded in the Economic and Investment Plan. This Agenda is informed by the five broad areas covered by the Green Deal: decarbonisation, decontamination of air, water and soil, circular economy, farming and food production, and protecting biodiversity.





C

flagships endorsed

e181.2m

€198.5m

€427.4m

Priorities

Maste and wastewater management





Environment and climate



Podgorica Wastewater **Freatment Plant**

€23.7m	€10.1m	€35m	€0.3m	€7.5m	€76.6m	2028
WBIF EU grant	WBIF bilateral donor grant	KfW loan	KfW grant	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion

plant, and extend the sewerage network. These nvestments will enable the collection and treatine with EU standards.



Improvement of Wastewater and Water Supply Systems in the North of Montenegro

€23.3m	€1,1m	€9 . 7m	€0.8m	€34,9m	2028
WBIF EU grant	Previous EU grant	EIB loan	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion



Skopje Wastewater **Treatment Plant**

€72.2m	€0,5m	€34 . 8m	€0,5m	€29 . 7m	€0.9m	€0.5m	€139,1m	2026	
WBIF EU grant	Previous EU grant	EIB loan	EIB grant	EBRD loan	France grant	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion	

Currently, the wastewater generated by the city



Environment and climate



agship 7 • Waste and wastewater managemen

Iorth Macedonia

Regional Waste Management System for Polog, Pelagonija, Vardar, Southwest and Southeast Regions

€22.6m	€29.3m €1m	€7.7m	€60.6m	2027
WBIF EU grant	EBRD loan EBRD arant	Other sources	Estimated investment	Expected completion

Current waste management practices in North Macedonia primarily focus on waste collection and disposal, mainly in non-engineered dumpsites. Treatment of municipal solid waste and source-separation of recyclables and biowaste is basically non-existent. This investment project is the first countrywide undertaking in the sector and an important step towards integrated solid waste services. It supports the introduction of EU-compliant solid waste services for a population of over 1 million residents across 45 municipalities and develops environmentally safe disposal practices.



oship 7 · Waste and wastewater management

Serbi

Sewerage System for Palilula, Belgrade

€36.8m	€35m	€1 . 7m	€10.5m	€84m	2027	
WBIF EU grant	EIB loan	EIB grant	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion	

The Municipality of Palilula is located in the northern part of Belgrade, on the left bank of the Danube River. This project will rehabilitate and extend the existing sewerage network and construct a new wastewater treatment plant for the municipality, in line with EU standards. These investments in vital infrastructure will help provide better sanitation services and improve living conditions for over 81,000 people. It will also reduce pollution of groundwater and the Danube River, raising environmental and social standards in Servia.

2023

-lagship 7 • Waste and wastewater management

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Sarajevo Water Project

WBIF bilateral donor grant	€2.6m
Previous EU grant	€4.5m
EBRD loan	€25m
Beneficiary contribution	€0.1m
Estimated investment	€32.2n
Expected completion	2026

The Canton of Sarajevo and its capital city are tackling the outdated 1,119 km water distribution network, which suffers from a staggering 70% water losses. This project seeks to drastically reduce that figure with a comprehensive plan to replace or rehabilitate ageing pipelines, pumping stations and wells, adding or improving about 4,000 new household connections. Ultimately, this project aims to enhance public health, boost commercial infrastructure, and improve the overall efficiency of water supply in the wider Sarajevo canton. It contributes to the Green Agenda of the Western Balkans objectives, stipulated in the Water Management Strat-





Digital Future

Accelerating the region's digital transformation is a priority under the Economic and Investment Plan to enable the twin green and digital transition. The **Digital Agenda** paves the way focusing on digital skills, secure and sustainable digital infrastructures, business and governments, and digital transformation.

Digitalisation is an opportunity for the economies and societies in the region, with digital solutions contributing to sustainability, climate-neutrality and resource-efficiency, and better governance and public services. The roll-out of ultra-fast and secure broadband focuses on remote areas and lower-income populations to ensure universal access. Investments in secure and energy-efficient data centres, edge and cloud infrastructures, links to EU initiatives on high-performance computing, and exploring synergies with other connectivity areas are also supported.



Flagship investments 2020-2023

Z flagships endorsed

£44.7m WBIF EU grants

€120.1m IFI loans e169.6m

Priorities

Flagship 8 **Digital**

Digital infrastructure





Digital future



Flagship 8 · Digital infrastructure

- Network of ICT Laboratories **Establishment of Smart Labs** for the Pre-university **Education System**

WBIF EU grant	€10,5m
CEB loan (est.)	€20.1m
Beneficiary contribution	€3.4m
Estimated investment	€34m
Expected completion	2025

Preparing students for their future careers is one of the key goals in education. Albania is introducing ICT in elementary schools, with hands-on tablish 684 smart ICT labs in 627 schools across the country, increasing the availability of computer labs for students in their pre-university cycles and enhancing computer programming skills. Overall, more than 198,000 students will benefit curricula taught in smart labs. This project will esrom the newly implemented labs annually.



Flagship 8 · Digital infrastructure

Rural Broadband Rollout Phase 2

WBIF EU grant	€34.2m
EBRD loan	€100m
Beneficiary contribution	€1.4m
Estimated investment	€135.6m
Expected completion	2026

This project builds on the Rural Broadband Rollbia to connect the existing fibre backbone to an additional 815 settlements, 305 schools and at least 128,000 households in rural areas without ments will create new economic opportunities out project launched in 2020. It will enable Serand skills for local populations in less developed access to a broadband network. The investregions through increased access to connectivity and training. It will also advance a competiliveness-focused policy engagement in the telecommunications sector.







Human Capita



health and social protection to ensure the benefits of recovery and growth are shared Alongside efforts on poverty reduction, sojudicial facilities. A key area of intervention under the Economic and Investment Plan is digitalisation in the fields of education and cial inclusion and strengthening social safety nets, accompanying infrastructure measures include social housing, education, health and nises the importance of education and skills, by everyone and that no one is left behind. The Economic and Investment Plan recog-

of Social Rights in the region. Emphasis is also The European Commission has strengthened the dialogue with the Western Balkans to foster the implementation of the European Pillar placed on youth, health, culture and sports.



£69_1m WBIF EU and bilateral donor grants

€167m







Human capital



Education Infrastructure mprovement

EU grant €11,4m	€18m	€2,5m	€32.4m	€64.3m	2027
WBIF bilateral donor and EU grant €11,4m	EIB Ioan	EIB grant	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion



University Children's Hospital Tiršova 2 in Belgrade

€36 <mark>.</mark> 2m	€54m	€0.3m	€73.6m	€164.1m	2027
WBIF EU grant	CEB loan	CEB grant	Beneficiary contribution	Estimated investment	Expected completion

WBIF EU grant



Technical Faculties Campus Energy Management of the Efficiency and Integrated Improving Energy in Belgrade

The University of Belgrade is creating an ener-	gy-efficient campus for its electrical engineering						ing buildings spanning 93,000 m². It will benefit	approximately 15,000 students and 1,750 staff	members. The investment also covers the ex-	pansion of public spaces, improved safety stan-	dards, and increased energy efficiency, in line	with the Economic and Investment Plan.
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Private Sector

The development of a **robust private sector** is essential for regional socio-economic development and integration, and to improve the region's competitiveness and job creation rate. The Economic and Investment Plan focuses on the importance of supporting **startups and micro**, **small and medium-sized businesses** as a means to this end, and directs significant investments towards innovation and green growth.

In order to unlock the potential of the private sector, increased EU financing is made available in the form of grants through blending and guarantees under the Western Balkans Guarantee Facility (EFSD+). This reinforces open, innovative, business friendly eco-systems based on a triple helix model of innovation.





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lagships endorsed **€114m** WBIF EU grants €894m



Flagship 9

Competitiveness of the private sector







Private sector



Flagship 9 · Competitiveness

SMEs Go Green Programme

€25m	€120m	€145m
WBIF EU grant	EBRD loan	Estimated investment

Accelerating the adoption of green technologies and sustainable practices for the SME sector is a key element necessary for the growth, competitiveness and long-term sustainable recovthe EBRD's extensive experience supporting SMEs to finance green technologies, the SME Go Green Programme will provide an estimated Financial Institutions (PFIs) for them to on-lend including energy efficient, resource efficient and contributing to the reduction of greenhouse gas ery of the Western Balkans region. Building on €120 million of EBRD financing to local Partner to approximately 3,400 SMEs for investments in climate-smart solutions. The EU grant financing aims to scale-up green economy investments, renewable energy investments among SMEs, emissions and providing a demonstration effect



Flagship 9 - Competitiveness of the private sector

Western Balkans Climate Programme

€17m	€150m	€200m
WBIF EU grant	IFC loan	Estimated investment

access to climate finance, including energy efficiency and clean energy production for sub-borhis programme finances climate change-related sub-loans that supports the transition from high to ow-carbon economies. Through this programme IFC will promote green financing to MSMEs and support the development of capital markets by issuing green bonds. The programme will increase enable businesses to improve their environmental impact by implementing climate-smart invest-Western Balkans economies are characterised by elevated levels of energy intensity, high pollution evels and an energy mix dominated by fossil fuels. rowers in the Western Balkans region. This will



Flagship 9 · Competitiveness

Green Finance for Inclusion

€10m	€90m	€100m	
WBIF EU grant	SDP loan	Estimated investment	

The programme encourages and supports underserved MSMEs to invest, through local financial institutions, in innovative energy efficiency and climate resilient measures. These include able energy projects, increase energy efficiency of buildings, and climate adaptation initiatives. The investments will target the specific needs of the beneficiary economies to bridge the gap towards a sustainable and low-carbon production system, respecting internationally-recognised social, fiscal, ethical and environmental princiactions to reduce consumption, promote renewoles and standards.

Private sector



Flagship 9 · Competitiveness of the private sector

GGF: Promoting Green Lending in the Western Balkans (II)

€24m	€201m	€6m	€231m
WBIF EU grant	Equity	TA private investors	Estimated investment

The programme replenishes the already established and operating scheme - the Green for Growth Fund ("GGF"). Active since 2009, GGF supports investments in energy efficiency and renewable energy by MSMEs and households through financial intermediaries and direct investments. The proceeds of the £20 million capital increase in the form of C-share equity, accompanied by £4 million in technical assistance, will sustainably build up and expand the supply of effective financing for renewable and efficient energy measures in the region, and contribute to the reduction of energy consumption and greenhouse gas emissions among end-borrowers.



Flagship 9 · Competitiveness of the private sector

Sustainable Access to Finance for Entrepreneurship - SAFE

€10.4m		€30m	€40 . 4m
WBIF EU grant	Estimated loan	(CDP and Banca Etica)	Estimated investment

he programme encourages and supports the growth of local micro-enterprises (LMEs) - with a specific focus on social enterprises - by promoting heir access to finance through local micro-financial institutions (LMFIs). The programme addresses both the challenges faced by those micro-fi-When combined with funds from co-financiers, the EU grant will be used to originate credit lines able LMFIs to extend their support to underserved contribute to reducing inequality, increasing job nanciers as well as the financial constraints that micro-entrepreneurs encounter in local markets. and support risk-sharing mechanisms that will ennigh-risk segments, such as social entrepreneurs, women and youth. Overall, the SAFE initiative will nancial inclusion and social entrepreneurship.



Flagship 9 • Competitiveness of the private sector

Go Digital in the Western Balkans

€27.6m	€150m	€0.1m	€177.7m	
WBIF EU grant	Estimated EBRD loan	TA Private investors	Estimated investment	

SME integration of emerging technologies has the potential to foster innovation, mitigate climate impact and improve productivity, staff safety and customer responsiveness. The Go Digital programme will provide a combination of specialised financing and know-how for digitalisation, automation and competitiveness for micro and small businesses (MSMEs) across the Western Balkans. The EU grant financing will be used for investment incentives and capacity building to promote proactive investments in high-performing technologies and mitigate upfront costs. At least 50% of the investments will also be green and at least 30% will be focused in areas outside of capital cities thus contributing to regional and





Western Balkans Guarantee Facility

Guarantees share the risk associated with investing and lending, to encourage private investors and development banks to finance entrepreneurs or investments. The Western Balkans Guarantee Facility, launched in 2020, is **expected to mobilise investments of up to £20 billion** in the next decade. It is financed through the European Fund for Sustainable Development Plus (EFSD+) and the External Action Guarantee.

Under EFSD+, six thematic areas are identified for investments: (1) Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs), (2) Connectivity: Energy, Transport and Digital, (3) Sustainable Agriculture, Biodiversity, Forests and Water, (4) Sustainable Cities, (5) Sustainable Finance and Impact Investing (6) Human Development. In the Western Balkans, these thematic areas are precisely aligned with the investment priorities of the Economic and Investment Plan.



Investment priorities

Clean energy

6 guarantees

Up to **€419m**° guarantee coverage

Up to **€22,2m** EU technical assistance grants

Environment & climate

4

guarantees

Up to **€90m**° guarantee coverage

90m° Up to £4.5m EU technical assistance grants

Digital future

| guarantee

Up to **£20m**e guarantee coverage

Private sector

guarantees

Up to **€408m**° guarantee coverage

Up to **£ 1 m** EU technical assistance grant Up to **£19.4m** EU technical assistance grants

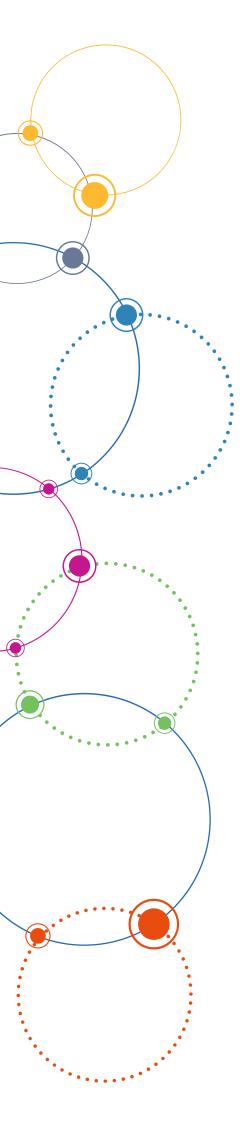




Western Bolkons WBJF BENDING Investment Framework WBJF BULDING THE EUROPEAN FUTURE TOBETHER GUARANTEES

Endorsed guarantees 2022-2023

WESTERN BALKANS © GUARANTEE FACILITY		Guarantee coverage (up to)	Technical assistance (up to)
Supporting Market-Oriented Green Transformation in ENI and WB6	KFW	€200m	€10m
	De European Bank	€50m	€2.5m
Digital Transformation Platform	De European Bank	€20m	€1m
© Connectivity	European European	€34m	€1.7m
Global Green Bond Initiative	European European	€48m	€2.4m
Financing and Accelerating the Sustainable Transition of Cities (FAST-Cities)	OAFD	€20m	€1m
EDFI Carbon Sinks	EDFI	€12m	€0,6m
Credit Enhancement of Green Bonds - Global Green Bonds TEI	D European Bank	€10m	€0.5m
EIBG Multi-thematic (uncapped guarantee) support for SMEs in the Western Balkans	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	€120m	€3,5m
Inclusive Finance for the Western Balkans	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	€30m	€2m
EIF-UNDP Inclusive Growth initiative for the Western Balkans	ilistrati	€20m	€3m
The MSME Guarantee Platform (MGP)	KFW	€50m	€2.5m
MSME Access to green, growth and inclusive finance	European Bank	€20m	€1m
Risk sharing for ESG projects	(f) European Bank	€12,8m	€0,6m
EU Market Creation Facility (EUMCF)	KFW	€15m	€0,8m
Municipal, Infrastructure & Industrial Resilience Programme (Resilience)	(f) European Bank	€50m	€2,5m
Better Futures Program (BFP)	⊕ IFC	€40m	€2m
Western Balkans Agricultural Risk Sharing Facility	⊕ IFC	€40m	€3m
Growth4All	Deuropean Bank	€40m	€3m
Risk-sharing instrument for Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy and Digital project	European Freetment Bank	€45m	€3.5m
WB EDIF Guarantee "Economic Recovery"	ilgāve IrSmāli	€60m	N/A
Total		€936.8m	€47.1m



Abbreviations











European Investment Bank THE WORLD BANK

Partner Financial Organisations





DEC International Market Corporate Corporate Markets, Creating Markets, Creating Oppos









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Sustainable Access to Finance for Entrepreneurship

Sustainable Development Goals

SDGs

SMEs

SPV

SAFE

Environmental and Social Impact Assessment

ESIA

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Economic and Investment Plan

European Investment Fund European Investment Bank

Small and Medium Enterprises

Special Purpose Vehicle

Regional Energy Efficiency Programme

Public Sector Energy Efficiency Project

PSEEP PSHPP REEP

Partner Financial Institutions

Megawatt hours

MWh

European Bank for Reconstruction and Development European Fund for Sustainable Development Plus

EFSD+ EBRD

EB

Council of Europe Development Bank

Better Futures Programme

BFP CDP

Cassa Depositi e Prestiti

Electric bus rapid transport system **Employment and Social Innovation**

e-BRT EaS

Megawatt

Pump Storage Hydropower Plant

Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise

Local Micro Financial Institution

Local Micro Enterprise

Safe and Sustainable Transport Programme

SSTP

Technical Assistance

CO₂ tonnes

tC02

Information and Communication Technology

<u>5</u> Œ

Hydroelectric Power Plant

Green for Growth Fund

GGF GWh HPP

Gigawatt hours

Guarantee Facilities European Union

International Finance Corporation International Financial Institution Instrument for Pre-accession Assistance

Kreditanstalt für Wiederaufbau

Κŧ

United Nations Development Programme

Trans-European Transport Network

TEN-T UNDP Western Balkans Investment Framework













This publication was funded by the European Union. Its contents are the sole responsibility of the Western Balkans Investment Framework and do not necessarily reflect the views of the European Union.

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